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All letters pertaining to business of the office should be addressed to
DURBORROW & LUTZ, BEDFORD, PA.

NEWSPAPER LAWS.—We would call the special attention of Post Masters and subscribers to the INQUIRER to the following synopsis of the Newspaper laws:

1. A Postmaster is required to give notice *by letter*, (returning a paper does not answer the law) when a subscriber does not take his paper out of the office, and state the reasons for its not being taken; and a neglect to do so makes the Postmaster *reponsible* to the publishers for the payment.

2 Any person who takes a paper from the Post office, whether directed to his name or another, or whether he has subscribed or not is responsible for the pay.

3. If a person orders his paper discontinued, he must pay all arrearages, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made, and collect the whole amount, *whether it be taken from the office or not.* There can be no legal discontinuance until the payment is made.

4. If the subscriber orders his paper to be stopped at a certain time, and the publisher continues to send, the subscriber is bound to pay for it, *if he takes it out of the Post Office.* The law proceeds upon the ground that a man must pay for what he uses.

5. The courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers and periodicals from the Post office, or removing and having them uncalled for, is *prima facia* evidence of intentional fraud.

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ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office opposite Reed & Schell's Bank. Counsel given in English and German. [apl26]

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ATTORNEY AT LAW,
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Office on Juliana street, one door South of the *Inquirer* office, and nearly opposite the 'Mengel House" April 28, 1865:t

PHYSICIANS.

WM. W. JAMISON, M. D.,
BLOODY RUN, PA.,
Respectfully tenders his professional services to the people of that place and vicinity. [dec8:1yr

DR. B. F. HARRY,
Respectfully tenders his professional services to the citizens of Bedford and vicinity. Office and residence on Pitt Street, in the building formerly occupied by Dr. J. H. Hofius. [Ap'1 1,64.

J. L. MARBOURG, M. D.,
Having permanently located respectfully tenders his professional services to the citizens of Bedford and vicinity. Office on Juliana street, opposite the Bank, one door north of Hall & Palmer's office. April 1, 1864—tf.

DR. S. G. STATLER, near Schellsburg, and Dr. J. J. CLARKE, formerly of Cumberland county, having associated themselves in the practice of Medicine, respectfully offer their professional services to the citizens of Schellsburg and vicinity. Dr. Clarke's office and residence same as formerly occupied by J. White, Esq., dec'd.
S. G. STATLER,
Schellsburg, April12:1y. J. J. CLARKE.

MISCELLANEOUS.

O. E. SHANNON, BANKER,
BEDFORD, PA.
BANK OF DISCOUNT AND DEPOSIT.
Collections made for the East, West, North and South, and the general business of Exchange transacted. Notes and Accounts Collected and Remittances promptlymade. REAL ESTATE bought and sold. feb22

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PITT STREET, TWO DOORS WEST OF THE BEDFORD HOTEL, BEDFORD, PA.
WATCHMAKER AND DEALER IN JEWELRY, SPECTACLES, &C.
He keeps on hand a stock of fine Gold and Silver Watches, Spectacles of Brilliant Double Refined Glasses, also Scotch Pebble Glasses. Gold Watch Chains, Breast Pins, Finger Rings, best quality of Gold Pens. He will supply to order any thing in his line not on hand. [apr.28,'65.

D. W. CROUSE
WHOLESALE TOBACCONIST,
On Pitt street two doors west of B. F. Harry's Drug Store, Bedford, Pa., is now prepared to sell by wholesale all kinds of CIGARS. All orders promptly filled. Persons desiring anything in his line will do well to give him a call.
Bedford, Oct 20, '65.,

ALL KINDS OF BLANKS for sale at the *Inquirer* office. A full supply of Deeds, Leases, Articles of Agreement &c,

Bedford Inquirer.

A LOCAL AND GENERAL NEWSPAPER, DEVOTED TO POLITICS, EDUCATION, LITERATURE AND MORALS.

DURBORROW & LUTZ Editors and Proprietors. BEDFORD, Pa., FRIDAY, JANUARY 31, 1868. VOLUME 41: NO. 5.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

All advertisements for less than 3 months 10 cents per line for each insertion. Special notices one-half additional. All resolutions of Association, communications of a limited or individual interest and notices of marriages and deaths, exceeding five lines, 10 cts. per line. All legal notices of every kind, and all Orphans' Court and other Judicial sales, are required by law to be published in both papers, Editorial Notices 15 cents per line. All Advertising due after first insertion. A liberal discount made to yearly advertisers.

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One square	$ 4.50	$ 6.00	$10.00
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Poetry.

THE RESURRECTION.

When Lord Lindsey was traveling in Egypt, he found a mummy, the inscription on which showed that it was two thousand years old. Unwrapping it, he discovered in one of its hands a tiny root. He brought the root to England, and planted it, when lo! it bloomed, and produced a lovely flower.

The following beautiful stanzas, by Mrs. S. H. Bradford, were suggested by the interesting incident:

Two thousand years ago, a flower
Bloomed lightly in a far off land;
Two thousand years ago, its seed
Was placed within a dead man's hand.

Before the Saviour came to earth,
That man had lived and loved, and died,
And even in that far-off time,
The flower had spread its perfume wide.

Suns rose and set, years came and went,
The dead had kept its treasure well,
Nations were born and turned to dust,
While life was hidden in that shell.

The shrivelled hand is robbed at last,
The seed is buried in the earth;
When lo! the life long, hidden there—
Into a glorious flower burst forth.

Just such a plant as that which grew
From such a seed when buried low;—
Just such a flower in Egypt bloomed
And died *two thousand years ago.*

And will not He who watched the seed,
And kept the life within the shell,
When those He loved are laid to rest,
Watch o'er their buried dust as well?

And will He not from 'neath the sod
Cause something glorious to arise?
Aye, though it sleep *two thousand years*,
Yet all that buried dust shall rise.

Just such a face as greets you now,
Just such a form as here we wear,
Only more glorious far, will rise
To meet the Saviour in the air.

Then will I lay me down in peace,
When called to leave this vale of tears,
For "in my flesh shall I see God,"
Even though I sleep *two thousand years.*

HER BRIGHT SMILES HAUNT ME STILL.

'Tis years since last we met,
And we may not meet again;
I have struggled to forget,
But my struggles are in vain.
For her voice lives on the breeze,
And her spirit comes at will;
At midnight on the seas,
Her bright smiles haunt me still.

At the first sweet dawn of light,
When I gaze upon the deep,
Her form still meets my sight,
As the stars their vigil keep.
When my aching eyes I close,
Sweet dreams my senses fill;
When I from sleep arise,
Her bright smiles haunt me still.

I have sailed 'neath alien skies,
I have trod the desert path,
I have seen the storm arise
Like a giant in his wrath;
Every sorrow have I known
That a reckless life can feel,
Yet her presence has not flown—
Her bright smiles haunt me still.

Miscellaneous.

THE NEW VOTERS of the SOUTHERN STATES.

The colored men of the southern states are about to become voters; naturally there is a good deal of discussion of their character—for the most part, we notice, by men who know nothing about them, but who evolve their negro out of the depths of their inner consciousness.

The southern negroes cannot help but be an ignorant class. They and their ancestors for generations have been carefully kept in ignorance; to teach a black child to read was four years ago, a state prison offence in South Carolina and other southern states; to argue that they ought to be taught was enough to secure one's expulsion from the southern states. Every incentive to knowledge was taken away from the blacks; and the white masters, like many English squires, held that the only way to treat their dependents was to keep them in the most abject and stolid ignorance.

It is doubtful if the mass of the southern negroes are much more ignorant than the lower class of the English peasantry. The negroes speak in a barbarous and unintelligible jargon or dialect, but it is not more uncouth or less intelligible than the speech of the English peasant. The field negroes have some strange superstitions, some repulsive habits and customs; but these we believe could be matched, for the most part, by equally strange and repulsive customs among the agricultural laborers of England.

But it does not benefit any one to show that they are no worse than others. The interesting question is, what are they, in themselves? what qualities are they developing? what traits appear prominently in them now that the strong light of freedom is brought to bear upon them?

We have before us the last report of the Superintendent of Schools for Freedom, from which we draw a few facts which will interest the candid inquirer. It is plain, in the first place, that the blacks show a strong and enduring desire for knowledge. There were in the southern states, on the 30th of June, under the general charge of the Freedmen's Bureau, 1,839 day and night schools, 1,126 Sunday schools, 111,442 day and night pupils, and 80,647 Sunday school scholars. These figures tell, perhaps, but a vague story; but in six months the number of day and night schools had increased by 632, containing 657 teachers and 33,444 scholars; the whole number of schools increased in six months by 1,503, with 76,638 scholars; and of the schools 1,056 were supported wholly or in part by the freedmen; 301 of the school buildings were owned by them—who, until about 1865, could not even own themselves; and 699 of the teachers were colored—of a class, that is to say, to whose members, until within three years, the knowledge of reading was counted a capital crime.

There are in the southern states now 21 normal schools, with 1,881 pupils; there are 35 industrial schools; and the report tells us that the average attendance in all the schools is "nearly 75 per cent. of the enrolment," which shows how eager the people are to avail themselves of the means to acquire knowledge.

We learn also from the report, that temperance societies are established among the blacks; and that these associations have a large membership, and are redeeming many from the misuse of spirituous liquors. The grown men and women study at night; and there is a cry for "a spelling book in every house." "I want to know what is on the ticket myself," said a black man who was busy with a primer.

They have shown, in their loyal leagues, considerable talent for organization. They show also thrift as traders; and they have developed remarkable power of adapting themselves to the new state of liberty; have appreciated the advantages of some and the disadvantages of other modes of labor; and on all hands, everywhere, show the most jealous regard for their liberties.

Finally, they save money. They are now twenty savings banks for freedmen, and no doubt numbers of them deposit their savings in other banks. These twenty savings banks have now on deposit over half a million dollars; they have received, first and last, over two millions; and large numbers of Freedmen have become settled in life, going into business or buying homesteads, with the money they have been induced to save; and very many more have been taught habits of economy and thrift by this institution.

With such qualities developed among the blacks during the brief time which has elapsed since they became free, no candid man needs to despair of their improvement; and no unprejudiced mind will object to their admission to the franchise on the score of danger to the general interest. It may continue to be a dogma with ignorant party politicians that negroes ought not vote; but when men like Wade Hampton, of South Carolina, openly and distinctly urge their states, as a matter of policy, to give the blacks the vote, we need not listen to the evil prophecies of northern reactionary politicians who denounce ruin to the country from the adoption of the policy of equal rights and general suffrage.—*New York Evening Post.*

POLITICS AND THE SABBATH.

The Sunday laws are essentially the same in all the States, and do not interfere with the rights of conscience or any man's liberty, but simply protect the people in their right to a quiet day of weekly rest, which is necessary for the body as well as the soul, and is a civil as well as a Christian institution. The highest legal authorities of the country—irrespective of party, have proved the constitutionality and defended the wisdom and necessity of laws for the protection of the Christian Sabbath.

But the immediate aim of the enemies of the Christian Sabbath in New York, is to effect the repeal of the Metropolitan Excise law, which they hate on account of its Sunday clause. This clause reads as follows:

Section 14. "All persons licensed as here in provided shall keep the places at which they are licensed to keep, sell, give, and dispose of strong and spiritous liquors, wines, ale, and beer orderly and quiet, and between the hours of twelve o'clock at night and sunrise, and *on Sundays completely and effectually closed.* Nothing herein contained shall be construed to prevent hotels from receiving and otherwise entertaining the travelling public upon Sundays, subject to the restrictions contained in this section."

This section has no political character whatever, it has nothing to do with party platforms and party measures. It stands on high moral ground. It is not oppressive or tyrannical. It prescribes no religious observance for Sunday, but simply prohibits the *public traffic* in intoxicating drink on Sundays. All other kinds of traffic are prohibited. It is in perfect agreement with older State laws prohibiting the liquor traffic on Sundays and election days. It is not severer than the city ordinance of 1855, issued under the administration of, and signed by Mayor Fernando Wood. It has been pronounced constitutional by the Supreme Court and by the Court of Appeals. It is the best feature of the Excise law, it gives to it vitality and moral vigor. It makes it effective for good, and hence the wrath of the rum and lager interest. It has worked admirably for the short time it has been in operation. It has closed more than three thousand of the worst rum holes which lived on Sunday vice and dissipation; it has reduced Sunday arrests more than one half; it saves the hard earnings of the working man which used to be spent for intoxicating drink; it gives us more quiet Sabbaths than we had for years before; it acts as a powerful check upon intemperance, vice and crime, and diminishes in the same proportion, pauperism and taxation. All good and orderly citizens are satisfied with its working.

Certainly a law which has such a favorable record to show ought not only to be sustained, but applied to the whole State. The Sunday clause at least is the very last feature of thd Excise law of 1866, that ought to be repealed. Its repeal would be a public calamity to this city, and inaugurate again the supreme reign of rum and lager on the day which was ordained for repose, for worship, and for the intellectual and moral improvement of the race.

But our people, we trust, will never sell their Sabbath for rum. They will watch the candidates for the offices of public trust and give their support to no man who takes ground against laws which protect the people in the enjoyment of one of their clearest rights and dearest privileges.

ALL THERE.—A whole family in heaven! Who can picture or describe the everlasting joy! No one absent. No father, or mother, nor son, nor daughter are away. In the world below they were united in faith, and love, and peace, and ascended together. Before the throne they bow together in united adoration. On the banks of the River of Life they walk hand in hand, and as a family have commenced a career of glory which shall be everlasting. There is hereafter to be no separation in that family. No one is to lie down upon a bed of pain. No one to wander in the arms of death. Never in heaven is that family to move along in the slow procession, clad in the habiliments of woe, to consign one of its members to the tomb. God grant that, in His infinite mercy, every family may be thus united.

I'LL DO IT TO-MORROW.—There were two boys in a school I used to go to when I was young, which was about forty years ago. One was remarkable for doing with promptness and perseverance whatever he undertook. The other had a habit of putting off everything he could. "I'll do it to-morrow," was his motto. "I'll do it now," was the motto of the other boy. The boy who loved to put things off had the best natural talent, but he was outstripped in the race of life by his neighbor, whose motto was, "I'll do it now." Let that be your motto. Never put off till to-morrow what can be done to day.

ONLY A BEAUTY.

Emma Sinclair was the beauty of Willow Grove, and she knew it. Every look and gesture, and even the carriage of her head, was studied. When she was at a party she was continually thinking of the effect she produced; and when she was at home, she was planning some new ornament to wear in public.

Of course she had many admirers. She could never walk half the length of the principal street without being joined by some gentleman; and at a dancing assembly she was sure to be engaged for every set before she had been in the room ten minutes. In the summer there was always a brisk competition for the honor of her company at a picnic. And yet, somhow, she was still unmarried.

Her school companions, one after another had settled in life; but she was left single, alone, of all the number—if we except Mollie Newcomb, who from shyness and excessive plainness, was generally set down as certain to die an old maid.

If truth must be told, Emma was excessively particular. Her notions of herself were so high that she thought but few suitors good enough for her. At last, however when George Budd returned from Europe and settled down in the large old mansion of his family, the Grove agreed that the beauty had found at last a lover equal to her ideal; for he was both rich and talented and belonged, beside to the most aristocratic set of the country.

George seemed to have been conquered by her charms the very first time they met. He danced with her as frequently as he dared, and when not dancing stood apart stealing glances at her; he hung over her when she sung, and accompanied her home. The next day he called upon her as soon as etiquette permitted, and on Sunday appeared with Emma at church. Everybody said it was an engagement, for if he was fascinated, she appeared not less so.

But all at once George Budd ceased his attentions to the beauty of the village, and was soon beheld as assiduous in his attention to Mollie Newcomb, as he had ever been to her more beautiful rival. Everybody was astounded, except a few elders of the place with whom Mollie had always been a favorite, who shook their heads, saying it was just what they expected, for that Mollie's amiability was a thousand times better than Emma's beauty.

Let us look in on George, as he sits chatting with a confidential friend, and hear the real cause of the change.

"You must know Mollie," he said. "She is modesty personified; yet her talents are extraordinary, and her amiability and accomplishments as great. Indeed her modesty, by causing shyness, makes many think her plain; but plain she is not, at least to those who know her; for in familiar conversation, the enthusiasm of her soul kindles her countenance into a spiritual beauty that is indescribable."

"You were soon off with the beautiful Miss Sinclair, of whom you wrote so rapturously the first week you spent here."—George blushed a little, for he felt how foolish he had been as he replied:

"Yes! She dazzled me for a while, but I soon found my error; though I cannot forgive myself for being duped, even for a week by a pair of fine eyes, and a coquette's artificial manner."

"Is she merely a beauty?"

"Yes, merely a beauty. All she thinks about is how she looks. Her mind is a mere blank; or rather a shallow stream, of which one gets the plummet immediately."

"Yet you seemed so enraptured at first, that I fear she may have begun to like you."

George laughed.

"No fear of that, my good fellow; she loves herself too intensely ever to love any man. Ah! what a contrast between her and Mollie. It is like passing from a crowded, close ball-room, with its glare of gas, and its hum of meaningless conversation, to the free air of heaven, with the birds singing the waters gurgling, and the sunshine sparkling around you."

"You are poetical."

"And so you will be, too, when you know Mollie. But come, put on your hat; it is time to go there, and I want you to be quite intimate before you return to be my groomsman."

A month from that time George Budd married Mollie Newcomb. The bride really looked beautiful on that auspicious morning and what is more has been growing more lovely ever since. Would you know why? Because an intelligent mind, united to a generous heart is the creator of beauty, even where it does not originally exist.

Miss Sinclair is now a faded old maid, with sunken eyes, a skin like parchment and the sharpest of noses. Her face has a sour and discontented look which increases with her years. Ever since she lost George Budd she has been secretly at war with the world.

Now, then, reader which is the better—to be plain, and good, or merely a beauty? We leave it to your special consideration.

WORKING GIRLS.

Happy girls! who cannot love them? with checks like roses bright eyes and elastic step, how cheerfully they go to work. Our reputation for it, such girls will make excellent wives. Blessed indeed will those men be who secure such prizes. Contrast those who do nothing but sigh all day, and live to follow the fashions, who never earn the bread they eat, or the shoes they wear; who are languid and lazy from one week's end to another. Who but a simpleton and popinjay would prefer one of the latter if he were looking for a companion? Give us the working girls, they are worth their weight in gold. You never see them mincing along, or jumping a dozen feet to steer clear of a spider or a fly; they have no affection for silly airs and trying to show off to better advantage, and you feel as though you were talking to a human being and not to a painted automaton or a fallen angel.

If girls knew how sadly they missed while endeavoring so show off their delicate hands unsoiled skin, and putting on a thousand airs, they would give worlds for the situation of working-ladies, who are as far above them in intelligence, in honor, in everything as the heavens are above the earth.

Be wise then, you who have made fools of yourselves through life. Turn over a new leaf and begin, though late, to live and act as human beings, as companions to mortal man, and not playthings and dolls. In no other way can you be happy and subserve the designs of your existence.

DANGEROUS.—When Franklin was ambassador to the French court, a lady who was about being presented to the king, noticed his exceedingly plain appearance, and asked who he was. On being told that he was Dr. Benjamin Franklin, the American ambasssador, she exclaimed:

"The North American ambassador so shabbily dressed!"

"Hush, Madam, for Heaven's sake," whispered a friend, "he is the man that bottles up thunder and lightning."

THE SONG OF THE WATERS.

One of the noblest of New England rivers flowed near the hotel where I passed the night. As I at times awoke, it was a pleasing occupation to listen to the "sound of many waters" as they rushed among the rocks of a neighboring waterfall. It was not jarring and harsh, but quiet and soothing. I mused pleasingly upon the service of song, and, though the music itself was monotonous, yet to me there was instructive variety in the lessons I learned, for

1. It was a song of power. I should not have heard this midnight music if there had been no power in these rushing waters. The sound proved the force with which the massive rocks were struck by the moving flood. Strong was the hand upon the harp. And the strong waters all along in the vast course of the falls had been made by human skill to observe with great power the interests of enterprise and industry. How could I fail of musing upon Him "whose are the resplendent rivers," and who has power to hold all the oceans in "the hollow of His hand."

2. It was a song of wisdom. A drop of water! How curious its composition! And how admirably adapted this vast element to the use of man and the welfare of the world. The fertility of the soil shall answer; so shall the power it furnishes for countless mechanical operations; so shall the highway of commerce and travel it provides; so shall all the life it gives the vegetable world and all the refreshment given to thirsty man and beast. So that was a sweet song of the night, as it freshened all my waking thoughts with the music of the theme—the wisdom and goodness of God.

3. It was a song of the ages. Every time I awoke the music was going on, and no man knoweth how long ago it began. Through years, through ages—none can tell how many—the harp had not been once hung upon the willows. And the midnight music on my ear would be midday and midnight music in the unceasing roll of these running waters. Generations past had heard, generations coming would hear. Would the waters ever run by, so that the musician should drop his harp and the song cease and be resumed no more? Would not this be an unfailing song? Surely, till that remote era when He who commanded the first strains of the song should say, "Let them cease!"

In the soft and soothing music of this midnight song, how easy and natural and pleasant to think of that other River "proceeding out of the throne of God and the Lamb." To my acquaintance with the sweet melody of these running waters, how blessed to add acquaintance with those to which the Lamb shall lead His redeemed people—living waters, of which if one drinks, he shall never thirst again.—*New York Observer.*

A SLIGHT MISTAKE.

They have some affecting weddings out in the flat country, beyond the trees.

In the semi-rural district of Winona, nves, among several other people, a good jolly fellow of a justice of the peace. One fair day, after the ten by twelve dispensary had been swept, there was a step heard on the stair, and a very vigorous rap at the door.

"Come in," said the justice.

A handsome, black-eyed, Spanish looking woman entered. It was a clear case of a senorita, of the New Mexican brand. She had on a short woolen dress, wooden soled shoes; spotted red cheeks, black hair, and eyes that snapped like the lock of a shot gun. In a Spanish accent, and in the worst possible English, she said:—

"You make justicia acquia? You the law man?"

"Yes, madam; be seated—"

"Want paper; want paper to take the man."

Just then a stout French half-breed entered the room. He was unable to speak a dozen words, and he looked either scared or bashful. The Justice saw at once that there was a marriage to come off, and turning to the woman said:—

"Want paper to take this man?"

"Yes; want paper; me teach him."—(Nice woman, thought the justice.)

"All right," as he turned to the man and said; "you know this woman; can take her?"

The man shook his head and muttered unintelligible words.

"Ah, I see; can't talk English; well, never mind."

He ran into the street, invited a few friends up stairs, and then said to the woman:—

"You want to take him?"

"Yes; me pay."

"All right."

Then turning to the man, who stood, trembling:—

"You take this woman, for better or for worse, and promise to keep her?"

"Umph!" and several nods of the head.

"Then in the name of the law, and by virtue of the authority in me vested, I pronounce you man and wife." And he stepped forward before the woman could say a word, and kissed her red lips.

Slap! came her hand in his face, and she clutched his hair. The new husband jumped to take the woman away, and to protect her, as the man supposed, when in self-defence the justice gave him a rap on the nose. The woman pitched into the new husband, who in turn pitched into her, and for about five minutes there was a general bustling.

At last the parties were separated, when the man and woman took another turn at each other, the blood and hair flying in every direction. Down came the stove, over went the table, clatter went the chairs, and into the street like mad went the justice with the bosom of his shirt looking like a warranty deed covered with red seals!

A crowd rushed up stairs and found the man and woman lying on the floor, the woman on top, and compelling the newly made husband with a will.

The newly married couple were separated, when through the aid of two interpretors it was discovered that the parties, occupying adjoining shanties in the lower part of the town, had got into a dispute over some stove pipe that was claimed by both, and from words they had come to blows. Each party had hastened to the justice for a warrant for the other, with the result as stated above.

The last news from there was that the parties had gone in search of another justice to unmarry them.

REJOICING IN GOD.—I will enjoy all things in God, and God in all things, nothing in itself; so shall my joys neither change nor perish. For however the things themselves may alter or fade, yet He, in whom they are mine, is even like Himself, constant and everlasting. Surely we are wise for anything but our souls; and so wise for the body as foolish for them. O Lord, thy payment is sure; and who knows how present? Take the soul that thou hast both made and bought; and let me rather give my life for thy power, then take the offers of the world for nothing.—*Bishop Hall.*

BOOK FARMING.—Book Farming is simply the best farming put in books—yours, reader, if it is the best. A fool cannot write a book; an able man must do it—not a man of mere accomplishments or learning—but one versed in the business he writes upon. It is thus that we have books by the best men in all the departments. These men make our literature—and to be opposed to them, is to be arrayed against knowledge, against schools and newspapers. What is thought of the man who opposes education? And what is education, but to learn to know a thing? If the prejudiced reader (prejudiced against book-farming) knows how to trim his vine, he is the man, if he has words for it, to write a book on the subject—the very man we want, for we are after facts, after the best mode. And yet this would be called "book-farming." It is mere prejudice, depend upon it.

But there is one evil which gives rise to this very prejudice; bad books are foisted on the public. These are read—and they lead into error; and forthwith good and bad are condemned.

Our best men certainly are not the fools. Our ablest men who lead in their departments, are men qualified, if any, to impart instruction. Shall we heed them? or shall we follow after our own half-formed, inexperienced notions? We have our prejudices, and they make us believe we are right, without consulting the facts of the case.—*Rural World.*

OUR LOST YOUTH.—How often, amid the turmoil of busy life, home, like the balmy breath from some fairy land, the enchanting visions of our youthful days; the days when our hearts knew nothing of the wounds of slighted friendship or betrayed trust, and when all the earth seemed perfection, unmarred by blemish. Truly, childhood is the Eden of life, the sunny verdurous Paradise among lovely bowers, blowing none but the most subtle and enrapturing breezes; full of bright flowers, blissful hopes, and pure desires, and which no reality of maturer life can quell.

Say not, O, sordid, there is no joy in dreaming, no pleasure in recalling the past to view, while threading the tortuous windings of the world's ways. The days gone by—the days when buoyant youth crowned our brows and laughed in our radiant eyes, and the earth seemed free from sin—are these nothing? Maturity may bring position, wider experience and thorough knowledge; but of all these, all the rich inheritance of age and wisdom, cannot compare with the innocent care free hours, so fleet-winged and sunny, of the early days gone by. Bright crown of perpetual youth! you will never be donned till the pearly gates are entered in and changing mortality gives way to eternal life.—*Ex.*

THE MANAGING WOMAN.—The managing woman is a pearl among women; she is one of the prizes in the lottery of life, and the man who draws her may rejoice for the balance of his days. Better than riches, she is a fountain in herself—a gold mine never failing in its yield—a spring of pleasant waters, whose banks are fringed with moss and flowers. The managing woman can do anything; and does everything well. Perceptive and executive, of quick sight and steady hand, she always knows exactly what is wanting, and supplies the deficiency with a tact and cleverness peculiar to herself. She knows the capabilities of persons as well things, for she has an infinitive knowledge of character. The managing woman, if not always patient, is always energetic, and can never be disappointed into inaction. Though she has to teach the same thing over and over again, and though she finds her duties dense as boxwood, and hands as inefficient as fishes' fins, still she is never weary of her vocation of arranging and ordering and never less than hopeful of a favorable result.

MILCH AND SUGAR PEOPLE.—A venerable old man gives the following as the result of a life long experience. Let the slandered take comfort; it is only at fruit trees that the thieves throw stones:

"No man that tries to do his duty to his fellow man and endeavors to so live as to bear the fruits of true religion in his daily conduct, can for a moment suppose that he will pass along through life without being slandered more or less. Such a man will of necessity have some enemies; and those enemies will try in every way to injure him, and among others they will not be slow in stirring up the polluted water of defammation and slander.

"A man who has no enemies is merely a milk and water nothing. We would not give three figs for such a man.

"He who is anything—who makes his mark in the world—who does good—will have enemies—and if he has them, he will be sure to be slandered."

TRUTH.—Adhere always rigidly and undeviatingly to truth; but while you express what is true, express it in a pleasing manner. Truth is the picture—the manner is the frame that displays it to advantage. If a man blends his angry passions with his search after truth, become his superior by suppressing yours, and attend only to the justness and force of his reasoning. Truth conveyed in austere and acrimonious language, seldom has a salutary effect, since we reject the truth, because we are prejudiced against the mode of communication. A man may betray the cause of truth by his unreasonable zeal, as he destroys its salutary effects by the acrimony of his manner. Whoever would be a successful instructor must become a mild and affectionate friend.

NOT BAD.—A good story is related of the democratic meeting held at St. Clairsville, Ohio, the week before the recent election. A deleagtion that left Wheeling met a similar delegation from Bridgeport and the marshal recognized in the marshal of the Wheeling column a rebel officer who had cruelly opposed him, when an inmate of Libby Prison. Turning to his procession he said, 'Boys, here is the rebel Captain—who took my sword when I was so unfortunate as to be taken prisoner. He is marshaling the democratic delegation from Wheeling. I go with no party that thus thrusts traitors forward to positions of honor,' Saying this, he took off his marshal's scarf and turned his horse homeward, followed by all but one man in his delegation.

LET every pious parent regard his family as a little school for the church, and act as a teacher designated by the Saviour on purpose to train the children for his service, and we shall see a glorious result. Let parents neglect this duty, and their children will prove incompetent to meet the responsibilities awaiting them, and the parents must answer for the ruin that will ensue. The laws of Lycurgus required that all children of Sparta should be trained for the State. Jesus teaches his subjects to believe that children are a heritage of the Lord, and to train them for the Church."

THE best quality of mind that any one can come in possession of is the strength to bear up against disappointment and misfortunes.

CONUNDRUMS.—What best describes and most retards a pilgrim? A Bunyan (bunion).

Why do "birds in their little nests agree?" Because they'd fall out if they didn't.

Why is a dishonest bankrupt like an honest poor man? Because both *fail* to get rich.

Why is a mouse like a load of hay? Because the cat'll eat it.

When is a recruit supposed to be raw? Until he has been exposed to fire.

What adventure made Dick Whittington's fortune? A purr adventure.

What sort of blades were the Roman Emperors Augustus and Tiberius? The blades that formed a pair of Cæsars of course.

What roof covers the most noisy tenant? The roof of the mouth.

When is a sermon like a round shot? When it comes from a cannon's mouth.

Who was Jonah's tutor? Whale, who brought him up.

When shall we have another war with Turkey? Next Thanksgiving day.

What magazine would be likely to give the best report of a fire? A powder magazine.

Why is love like the letter R? Because it makes many a Mary marry.

"Why is the letter D like a ring?" said a young lady to her accepted, one day. The gentleman, like the generality of his sex in such a situation, was as dull as a hammer. "Because," added the lady, with a very modest look at the picture at the other end of the room, "*we* can't be *wed* without it."

IF there is any defect more striking than another in the American character it is bashfulness.

Young America, in particular, is painfully affected by it.

An incident is mentioned by a correspondent, who was desired by his aunt to go to neighbor Shaw's and see if he had for sale any straw suitable for filling beds.

'Mr. Shaw,' says our informant, 'was blessed with a goodly number of Misses Shaw, and I therefore felt a little timid at encountering them. To make the matter worse, I arrived just as the family were seated at dinner. Stopping at the doorway, hat in hand, I stammered out, 'Mr. *Straw*, can you spare enough *Shaw* to fill a couple of beds?'

'Well,' replied the old gentleman, glancing around at the large family and enjoying my mistake, 'I don't know but I can; how many will you need?'

Before I could recover, those hateful Shaw girls burst into a chorus of laughter and I returned to my excellent aunt.

A small boy out west, was assisting his father to mark sheep with paint and brush. The father would catch a sheep and say to the boy, 'Mark that.' After the job was done, the boy started for his home, which was some distance, and was overtaken by a minister on horseback, who, seeing the boy barefoot, invited him to ride behind him. After the boy was seated he began to catechise him thus:

'My lad, do you attend the Sabbath School?'

'No!' was the reply.

'You should attend the Sabbath School, mark that! All good children should attend both church and Sabbath School, mark that!'

After many more remarks of this kind the boy replied:

'I have marked your back all over now, and it looks like thunder.'

The reverend gentleman was somewhat astonished when he examined his coat.

THE following colloquy took place between a New York census marshal and a native of Germany:

'Who lives here?'

'Sharmony on der Rhine.'

'What's your father's name?'

'Nix for shtay.'

When did you arrive in Albany?'

'Mit a steamboats.'

'Got any children?'

'Yaw, two parrels mit kraut.'

'How long have you been in this house?'

'Two and der basement.'

'Who owns the building?'

'I pas nothing. Hans pays der same twice a month.'

'Where did you live last year?'

'Across der red store, as you coom up mit der market in your right hand behind der pump what belong to der back smith shop.'

THE TROUBLES OF LIFE.—Sometimes I compare the troubles which we have to undergo in the year, to a great bundle of faggots, far to large for us to lift; but God does not require us to carry the whole at once. He mercifully unties the bundle, and gives us first one stick, which we are to carry to day; and then another, which we are to carry to-morrow; and so on. This we might carefully manage, if we would only take the burden appointed for us each day; but we choose to increase our troubles by carrying yesterday's sticks over again to-day, and adding to-morrow's burden to our load before we are required to bear it.

GOD IN NATURE.—He who balances the clouds and hung the earth upon nothing, notices the fall of the sparrow. He who gave Saturn his rings, and placed the moon like a ball of silver in the broad arch of the heaven, gives the rose leaf its delicate tint, and made the distant sun to nourish the violet.

WHILE a gang of telegraph men were stringing wire from a reel in a wagon, the horse being driven along slowly, a countryman rushed up to the driver, and, in the innocence of his heart, informed him that he was *losing his load*; that his wire was scattered all along the road behind him.

IN Texas coin has held its proper place wonderfully. It has been the standard for commercial transactions longer and more extensively than the Texans had a right to hope, but it is giving way to the paper currency, which is taken now on the Texas Central Railway for freight and passage money.

THERE is no funeral so sad to follow as the funeral of our own youth, which we have been pampering with fond desires, ambitious hopes, and all the bright berries which hang in poisonous clusters over the path of life.

LEAP YEAR DIALOGUE.—"Miss, will you take my arm?"

"Yes, sir, and you too."

"Can't spare but the arm." replied the old bachelor.

"Then," replied she, "I shan't take it, as my motto is,

Bedford Inquirer.

BEDFORD, PA., FRIDAY, JAN. 31, 1868.

REPUBLICANS, ORGANIZE.

The County Committee have issued a call for a county meeting, to be held on Tuesday night of Court week, in which it is announced that the campaign of 1868 is to commence. Republicans, do you realize that this is the case? Whether you realize it or not, it is nevertheless only too true. The campaign is upon us and you must go to work at once in good earnest to put the Republican hosts in battle array. The fight is likely to be a long and desperate one, and it may be much more desperate than many of you are willing to believe. The Copperhead organs from Maine to Texas, are threatening civil war already. Of course these croakers who skedaddled to Canada or hid in caves when drafted, are of very little account, but the same class of men stimulated the South with promises of assistance until the time for action came, and then, coward like, stole away and left their Southern friends to fight it out. They may do the same thing again. They may get somebody else into a fight, never themselves. Let the party thoroughly organize and prepare for the worst. Let the soldiers be organized in every township and borough throughout the county. An ounce of prevention is worth more than a pound of cure.

The Spring election will be upon us in a few weeks, commence the work of organization at once. Let every borough and township in the county have a regularly nominated Republican District ticket, nominated at least ten days before the 3rd Friday in March. Let the Vigilance Committees that were appointed last Fall, stir up their sub School District Committees, so that every man in a district who votes the Republican ticket will be seen and induced to attend the election. Many of the minor borough and township officers, though of very little consequence in a general way, have much to do in advancing the interests of the party, and no opportunity should be left slip to elect Republicans where Republicans can be elected. This is by far the safest plan. Many persons come to the conclusion, because an office is trifling within itself, that there is no use paying any attention to it, the office of Assessor for instance. This is all wrong. Our Copperhead friends never leave an opportunity of the kind pass. Not they.

The County Committee has also been called together. This call is made for the purpose of selecting a Delegate to the State Convention, which assembles in March, as will be seen by notice given in this issue. We desire the Committee to fully understand the duty which devolves upon them and to act intelligently. The selecting of a Delegate to the State Convention is of much more importance than ordinarily. That Delegate will have much to do in shaping the course of events in this Congressional District in the coming campaign. The State Convention will select an Electoral ticket, to be voted for at the Presidential election. The Delegate will have much to do with his selection. The Elector will regulate the Congressional nomination. If the Elector should be taken from the lower end of the District the candidate for Congress will be taken from the upper end and *vice versa*. Delegates will also be selected to the National Convention. Here again the Delegate will have an important voice in the selection of Delegates and Alternates. It is all important that good men be selected for these positions. Who are to fill the positions of Elector, Delegates and Alternates? Again a member of the State Central Committee from this county is to be chosen, in whose hands will rest a great part of the labor and success of the campaign in this county. Who is to fill this position? We want to commence at the root and build up such an organization as will sweep Copperheadism out of existence. We have no personal interest in the different applicants for Delegate, but we would like very much to know their views in regard to the selection of persons to fill these various positions. We expect to do our share of the work, which is generally about one-half, and sometimes considerably more, and we hope we will not be asked to "go it blind" for any body. Let the Committee look at this matter gravely, and do the best for the party. Let the first step toward the incoming campaign be taken judiciously, and without any regard to persons, and if this is done we can expect to triumph.

THE NEW RECONSTRUCTION BILL.

The following is the New Reconstruction Bill as it passed the House on Tuesday of last week. It was received in the Senate and referred. In the House it passed by a vote of yeas—123; nays—45:

Be it enacted, &c., That in Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, Texas, Florida, and Arkansas, the civil State Governments in said States, respectively, shall not be recognized as valid or legal State governments, either by the executive or judicial power or authority of the United States.

SEC. 2. *Be it further enacted*, That for the speedy enforcement of the act, entitled "An Act to provide for a more efficient government of the rebel States," passed March 2, 1867, and the several acts supplementary thereto, the General of the Army of the United States is hereby authorized and required to enjoin by special orders upon all officers in command within the several military departments within said States the performance of the acts authorized by said several laws above recited, and to remove by his order from command any or all of said commanders and detail other officers of said army not below the rank of a colonel, to perform all duties and to exercise all the powers authorized by said several acts, to the end that the people of said several States may speedily recognize civil governments, republican in form, in said several States, and be restored to political power in the Union.

SEC. 3. *Be it further enacted*, That the General of the Army is authorized to remove any or all civil officers now acting under the several provisional governments within said several disorganized States, and appoint others to discharge the duties pertaining to their respective offices, and may do any or all acts which by said several laws above mentioned, are authorized to be done by the several commanders of said military departments within said States; and so much of said acts or act as authorized the President to detail military commanders of said military departments, or to remove any officers which may be detailed as herein provided, is hereby repealed.

SEC. 4. *Be it further enacted*, That it shall be unlawful for the President of the United States to order any part of the army or navy of the United States to assist by force of arms the authority of either of said provisional governments in said disorganized States, to obstruct the authority of the United States, as provided in this act and the acts to which this is supplementary.

SEC. 5. *Be it further enacted*, That any interference by any person with intent to prevent by force the execution of the orders of the General of the army made in pursuance of this act and the acts aforesaid, shall be held to be a high misdemeanor, and the party guilty thereof, shall, upon conviction, be fined not exceeding $5,000, and imprisoned not exceeding two years.

SEC. 6. *Be it further enacted*, That so much of all acts and part of acts as conflict or are inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed.

CORRESPONDENCE.

FROM BLOODY RUN.

EDITORS INQUIRER.—If we are too eager for allowance in your columns, please remind us in your next issue that you desire no further news from this scene of bloody conflicts. No sensation, is intended, for we are not engaged in another war for the Union, nor do we propose to institute any such thing as rebellion, or secession.

We are popularly known as Bloody Runners:—but we are only running after our own business. "Do we ever gain by the running?" We answer, come and see. Thrift and enterprise are characteristic of the place, Loafing is as foreign to the good people of the town as *enterprise* to beautiful old Bedford. Loyalty was the motto of all who retained positions with us during the late Rebellion. Johnsonianism and Dishonor is now the watchword. But we beg pardon, ye wiseacre Bedfordites, who manufacture our *politics* for us. We shall desist until we see you. Politically, we yield, but for thrift and importance we shall continue the competition.

In giving publicity to our conceived capabilities we mean no encouragement for further fossilliferous deposits within our limits. 'Progress' is written in unmistakable characters and we understand its import. The grasping for wealth is not our only incentive to industry. Liberality, hospitality, have long since been recognised as paramount to all other claims for notoriety. The beautiful and ornamental, are receiving marked attention, and neighboring towns may well look to their laurels.

A soldier's monument, will, we predict, in a very short time grace a town so abundantly worthy. We hear of a fund of several hundred dollars, collected for the monument in Bedford. This amount, (with interest, of course) will be refunded to us as there can be no demand for its expenditure there. We deduce our conclusions from popular opinion, no report of the projected enterprise has been furnished us, nor have we heard of its existence.

The engrossing topic with us now, is the publication of a newspaper in our town. The advent of the first paper is always an *era* in the history of every growing town. We are not printers and shall not venture an opinion until we see the *effort* for its establishment. But if not too *bloody* in appearance, too bloody in its teachings and too bloody in its rates, we hope to be able to bid it God speed. Yours, &c.

PRATTLEUM.

—We are happy to publish anything of interest sent us by friend "PRATTLEUM," but there are some things in the above to which we take exception,—viz: That we—the "Bedfordites"—are 'wiscacres' or 'manufacture politics" for the "Bloody-Runners." We deny this, and would suggest to our friend that it is dangerous policy to attempt to build up a reputation by abusing that of another. As regards enterprise we give Bloody Run credit for considerable more of that article than is possessed in Bedford, but think matters will assume a different aspect ere long.—E.

Union Republican State Convention.

HARRISBURG, Jan. 24, 1868.

The annual Union Republican State Convention will meet in the city of Philadelphia on Wednesday the 11th day of March, 1868, at ten o'clock, a. m., to make nominations for Auditor General and Surveyor General, and also to form an Electoral Ticket, and to choose four delegates at large to represent the State in the National Convention to be held at Chicago on the 20th of May next for nomination of candidates for President and Vice President, it being understood that each Congressional District will choose two delegates to said National Convention.

As heretofore, the State Convention will be composed of Representative and Senatorial delegates chosen in the usual way, and equal in number to the whole of the Senators and Representatives in the General Assembly.

By order of the Union Republican State Committee. F. JORDAN, *Chm'n.*
GEO. W. HAMERSLY,
J. ROBLEY DUNGLISON, } *Secretaries.*

THE grain product of California is now of more value than the yield of gold. During 1867, not less than $12,000,000 worth of flour and wheat were exported from San Francisco, including one hundred and sixty-one full cargoes of wheat for Europe.

GEN. HANCOCK has issued an order, in which he declines to set aside the registration in Texas, on the ground that certain classes had been excluded and others admitted to the registration wrongfully. He will not assume to revise or correct any action of the Boards of Registration in matters which, by the Reconstruction act, are submitted to their judgment and discretion. This is perfectly right, and shows that the General is not fully demoralized by Johnson's perfidy and nonsense.

THE various reports presented to the Odd Fellows' Grand Lodge of the United States, show that the order in 1867, embraced 2,860 lodges, with 214,561 members, and that during the year there were 35 021 members initiated, and 2,164 members died. The receipts for the year were $1,020,111, and of this $692,629 were paid for charitable purposes, there having been 2,026 brethern, and 3,141 widowed families releived by the lodges, and 2,935 members, and 130 widowed families relieved by the Encampments, which number 697, and have 34,842 members, all of whom, however, are also members of the lodges.

The *Times'* Washington special pronounces the statement, said to be supported by the Cabinet, that Grant admitted that he had agreed to hold on until removed, as totally false. He agreed with the President, that if he (Grant) was removed, Stanton would have to resort to the Courts, but he never promised the President that he would so remain and become a party to the controversy. A subsequent examination of the law convinced him of the course he must pursue, and forty-eight hours before the Senate acted, he waited upon Johnson of his own volition and announced his determination.

GENERAL NEWS ITEMS.

HENRY WARD BEECHER is writing a Life of Christ.

THE Republican State Convention is to meet in Philadelphia March 11th.

JOHN P. HALE has tendered his resignation as Minister at the court of Madrid, and a new appointment will soon be made.

WE regret to be able to announce that Miss Anna Dickinson recently came near perishing with cold in Minesota. She took a thirty mile sleigh ride on the ice.

THE Quebec Legislative Assembly is discussing the causes of emigration from that province to the United States, and proposes to prevent the same.

THE State of Iowa is the only one in the American Union which does not owe a dollar. At least that is the report which comes from the State itself.

THE Gettysburg Asylum Lottery Association has been undergoing an investigation by a Committee of Congress, and the result proves it to be a great swindle.

JUSTICE GRIER, of the United States Supreme Court, was so feeble that the other day he was taken into the court room on the shoulders of a negro.

THE House Committee on Banking has substantially agreed to a bill authorizing the several State Legislatures to tax the shareholders of National Banks resident within their respective States.

IT is reported on good authority that the Emperor has forbidden the publication of Prince Napoleon's pamphlet on the subject of the Foreign and Domestic Affairs of France.

THE Chinese Government has taken some military steps on the Russian frontier, which the latter Government regards as warlike and offensive. A protest is to be sent forward.

THE Huntingdon county Court was brought to an abrupt termination last week by the quashing of the jury by Judge Taylor, owing to an informality in its drawing by the Jury Commissioners.

IT is currently rumored that Secretary McCulloch has advised the President to veto the bill suspending the further contraction of the currency. The bill passed both houses by a large majority, and if vetoed, would no doubt be enacted dy the necessary two-thirds vote.

THE Kansas Legislature has memoralized Congress to prohibit by law the sale of large bodies of land to one person, and asking that the railroad companies owning lands received from Congress shall be forced to put them into the market.

DR. PARKER, of Troy, New York, cut open the windpipe of a horse, removed a piece of tin the animal had gnawed from his manger, and after thus rescuing him from threatened strangulation, sewed him up again as good as ever.

THE Legislature of Maine, on Wednesday, chose delegates at large to the Republican National Convention, at Chicago, and adopted a resolution in favor of Gen. Grant as the candidate of the party for President.

E. B. WASHBURNE, of Illinois, made a personal explanation in regard to the statement of a Pittsburg paper that he had dodged voting on the Reconstruction bill that lately passed the House. He stated that he gave his vote in the affirmative on that occasion,

AT MEMPHIS, during the trial of the man charged with the murder of Mike Casserall, an altercation to place between the Council. Thomas Malour, an uncle of the murdered man, was shot through the body and fatally wounded. The court-room was crowded, and it is not known who fired the shot.

COL. WHITE, who challenged Gen. Butler, in Richmond the other day, is a member of the Virginia Convention, and a local preacher of the Methodist Episcopal Church. He very probably forgot the latter part of his vocation when inditing the hostile summons.

THE New York *Express* thinks the bill to be reported to the House, forbidding the Supreme Court to interfere with Reconstruction, "the last step toward revolution." The Democrats seem to be bent on having another war, but we think they will be disappointed.

A cable despatch announces the death of the distinguished tragedian Charles John Kean. He was born on the 18th of January, 1811, received an excellent preparatory education, and entered Eton in 1824, remaining there for three years, and distinguishing himself alike in the classes and in athletic sports.

THE latest advices from Alaska are to December 28. They mention no suffering among the troops, but, on the contrary, represent them as all well. The Congressional resolution of inquiry into the reports that the troops are in want of accommodations and provisions, and are suffering from the extreme cold weather, creates surprise there.

IT is announced that John H. Surratt is again to be tried before the Criminal Court at Washington, commencing February 24th. It is also announced that the law officers of the Government will order the release of Surratt without going into another trial. The latter statement is the more likely to be correct.

THE busiest man in Washington is Judge Black, James Buchanan's Attorney General. The whole task of writing vetoes against Congress and arguing for rebels in the Supreme Court seems to be devolved upon him. Jerry will hardly be able to work up another rebellion.

GEN. W. S. HANCOCK, out of regard to the feelings of the rebels in New Orleans, has decided not to wear his uniform in that city, and for this decision he is commended by the Washington organ of the President as acting wisely, in not irritating the feelings of the Louisianians.

THE statement of the public debt, January 1, 1868, shows debt bearing coin interest, $1,890,102,091,80 debt bearing currency interest $328,591,230 matured debt not presented for payment, $15,871,640,82; debt bearing no interest, $407,861290,85. Total debt, $2,642,326.253,48. Amount of debt less cash in the Treasury, $2,508,125,650,10.

THE robbery of Mr. Benninghoff, in Venango county, has created considerable excitement in the oil region, and his losses are much larger than first reported. It appears that the old gentleman did not know exactly the dimensions of his greenback pile. The losses so far as ascertained exceed $250,000, and it is thought may approximate $350,000.

THE mystery connected with the disappearance of Capt. E. G. Rehrer, of Tremont, Schuylkill county, in November last, is in a fair way of being unravelled. An Extra of the Tremont *News*, states that a young man named Samuel Albrighton has made a confession, in which he says that Capt. Rehrer was murdered by two Irishmen, who have since been arrested at Buffalo, N. Y.

THE Committee on Ways and Means in Congress have had under consideration that part of the new internal tax bill relating to manufactures. While it is certain that they will recommend a general reduction of manufacturers' taxes, there is evidently a disposition on the part of the committee to keep the tax on articles of luxury, such as jewelry, plate, carriages and the like, and also on gas and coal oil. There is a probability that the tax will be removed from the raw cotton. The bill will not be reported for several weeks to come.

FOR SALE.

The undersigned offers for sale an excellent iron gray HORSE, 7 years old. Also, a good BUGGY and set of harness. Many of my friends in this county know that the above is worthy of purchase. Terms cash, or the best of negotiable paper. Further information can be obtained by applying to REV. W. CASE,
jan24:2t Bloody Run, Pa.

AGENTS WANTED, for two of the best selling subscription books every published. One entitled "Mysteries of the Neapolitan Covents," by an Ex-Benedictine Nun, a true account of the inner life of the convents—the most thrilling and interesting work before the public. The other entitled "The Cottage Cyclopedia," a gem of intellectual wealth, and wanted in every family; complete in one large octavo volume of over 1000 pages, illustrated. Send for circular of terms, which are very liberal. A. S. HALE, & CO.,
Dec. 13, '67-w2 Hartford, Conn.

Fancy the Dismay.

Which would prevail in thousands of Households. If it should be suddenly announced throughout the United States, Canadas, the West Indies and Spanish America that no more HOSTETTER'S BITTERS would be manufactured, and that henceforth the GRAND SPECIFIC FOR DYSPEPSIA, and preventive of all malarious diseases would be LOST TO THE WORLD! The bilious, the feeble, the despondent; the traveler, the voyager, the miner, the sedentary student; the settler on the frontier of civilization; the toiler, cooped up in crowded city tenements; the convalescent, needing an invigorant; the shivering victim of ague, and the nervous of both sexes everywhere, would learn, with grief, too deep for words, that the most celebrated corrective, invigorant and alterative of the age, had been blotted out of existence. As a PREPARATORY ANTIDOTE to epidemic disease, a genial stimulant, a promoter of constitutional vigor, an appetizer, a stomachic, and a remedy for nervous debility, no medicinal preparation has ever attained the reputation of HOSTETTER'S BITTERS. It is the HOUSEHOLD TONIC of the AMERICAN PEOPLE—has been so for twenty years, and in all human probability will be so for centuries to come. The magnates of Science recognize its merits; and that it is emphatically the medicine of the masses is proved by its vast and ever increasing sales. 1mo.

VALUABLE TRACTS OF

LAND FOR SALE.

The subscribers offer at private sale the following valuable tracts of land, viz:

No. 1. The undivided half of a tract of land, containing 227 acres, situate on the south-east side of the Broad Top Mountain, lying partly in Bedford and partly in Fulton county, and adjoining lands of Samuel Danner, James Brinhurst and Wishart's heirs. TWO VEINS OF COAL, one 5½ feet, the other 6½ feet in depth have been discovered on this tract.

No. 2. A tract of 230 acres near the above, adjoining the same lands, and supposed to contain the same veins of coal.

No. 3. A tract of 400 acres, within two and a half miles of the above tracts, lying on the North side of the Harbor across the mountain, well timbered with oak and pine.

May 3,-tf. DURBORROW & LUTZ.

GIRARD

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF PHILADELPHIA.

CAPITAL AND ASSETS, JANUARY 1, 1867,

$2,455,355 56.

Mutual Insurance Combined with the Security of a Capital.

The Girard Life Insurance Company was chartered in 1826, and is therefore one of the oldest, as well as most substantial companies in the United States. It effects insurance for the whole of Life; upon the nonforfeitable or ten year plan, or for any term of years. It also issues Endowment Policies.

Premiums may be paid Yearly, Semi-annually or Quarterly.

All the insurers for whole of life, (including those on the ten year plan,) *participate in the profits of the company.*

Those insuring in the Girard may always rest assured that their best interests will be protected. All whole of Life Policies of several years standing, are purchasable by the company, or may be commuted into a policy for a smaller amount, without any thing more to pay—therefore the insured need not fear a loss in case they are not able, after several years payments, to keep up their policies.

Bonusses or additions to policies are made every five years, without any increase in the premium.

Its profits are absolute. Its premiums moderate, Its privileges liberal. It has paid many losses, and has never contested a claim.

For books and circulars, free of charge, send to the Home office, No. 408 CHESTNUT St., Phil a. Or to any of its agents.

THOMAS RIDGWAY, Pres.
JOHN F. JAMES, Actuary.
ORRIN ROGERS, General Agent.
323 Walnut Street, (up stairs.)
J. T. KEAGY, Agent,
mar15-dyr Bedford, Pa.

A FINE FARM FOR SALE IN DUTCH CORNER!

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY CHEAP!

The subscribers will sell all that fine farm in Bedford township, containing 180 acres, 95 of which are cleared and under excellent fence, and the balance, 95 acres, well timbered, adjoining lands of Charles Helsel, John Schnebly, and others. The buildings are a two and a half story LOG HOUSE and BANK BARN, with other out-buildings thereon erected. Water in every field, with an excellent Saw Mill seat. A splendid apple orchard also thereon. **Price $4000.**

TERMS: One third in hand and the balance in three annual payments with interest.

DURBORROW & LUTZ.
June 21, 1867:tf Real Estate Agents.

SOMETHING YOU NEED.

CLEAVER'S WONDERFUL LINIMENT.
IT IS EFFICACIOUS AND CHEAP.

If you have a cut, old sore, frost-bite, tetter, or any ailment requiring outward application you should use it.

If your horses or cattle have cuts, kicks, sprains, grease, scratches, or old sores, you should use it, for you can get nothing better either for yourself or horses, and cattle.

You can procure it of store keepers, and dealers, in patent medicines throughout the county. Manufactured only by

JAS. CLEAVER.
Hopewell, Pa., Nov. 8-3m.

WASHINGTON HOTEL.

This large and commodious house, having been re-taken by the subscriber, is now open for the reception of visitors and boarders. The rooms are large, well ventilated, and comfortably furnished. The table will always be supplied with the best the market can afford. The Bar is stocked with the choicest liquors. In short, it is my purpose to keep a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Thanking the public for past favors, I respectfully solicit a renewal of their patronage.

N. B. Hacks will run constantly between the Hotel and the Springs.
may17,'67:1y WM. DIBERT, Prop'r.

LIVERY STABLES, in rear of the "Mengel House," Bedford, Pa.,

MENGEL & BURNS, Proprietors.

The undersigned would inform their friends, and the public generally, that they are prepared to furnish Horses, Buggies, Carriages, Sporting Wagons, or anything in the Livery line of business, in good style and at moderate charges. Terms: Cash, unless by special agreement.
jan24'68:tf. MENGEL & BURNS.

A SPLENDID SITUATION FOR A PHYSICIAN

A MOST DESIRABLE LOCATION,

A Physician wishing to retire from practice offers his location and property for sale. The property consists of a modern constructed building containing eight large rooms, kitchen, cellar and a good well of water at the door. Two lots planted in fruit trees and grape vines, handsomely situated in one of the most thriving towns in the Southern part of the State, with a good established practice. Any young Physician wishing to locate permanently, would do well to look at this location. The property will be sold for less than cost and on easy terms. Price $2,200. Apply to
Jan3,68tf DURBORROW & LUTZ.

A SPLENDID ARTICLE of Blank Deeds on the best parchment paper, for sale at the Inquirer office.

525 MILES

OF THE

UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD

RUNNING WEST FROM OMAHA

ACROSS THE CONTINENT,

ARE NOW COMPLETED.

This brings the line to the eastern base of the Rocky Mountains, and it expected that the track will be laid thirty miles further, to Evans Pass, the highest point on the road, by January. The maximum grade from the foot of the mountains to the summit is but eighty feet to the mile, while that of many eastern roads is over one hundred. Work on the rock cutting on the western slope will continue through the winter, and there is now no reason to doubt that the entire grand line to the Pacific will be open for business in 1870.

The means provided for the construction of this Great National Work are ample. The United States grants its SIX per cent. Bonds at the rate of from $16,000 to $48,000 per mile, for which it takes a *second lien* as security, and receives payment to a large if not to the full extent of its claim in services. These Bonds are issued as each twenty-mile section is finished, and after it has been examined by the United States Commissioners and pronounced to be in all respects a first-class road, thoroughly supplied with depots, repair-shops, stations, and all the necessary rolling stock and other equipments.

The United States also makes a donation of 12,800 acres of land to the mile, which will be a source of large revenue to the Company. Much of this land in the Platte Valley is among the most fertile in the world, and other large portions are covered with heavy pine forests and abound in coal of the best quality.

The Company is also authorized to issue its own First Mortgage Bonds to an amount equal to the issue of the Government and no more. Hon. E. D. Morgan and Hon. Oakes Ames are Trustees for the Bond-holders, and deliver the Bonds to the Company only as the work progresses, so that they always represent an actual and productive value.

The authorized capital of the Company is One Hundred Million Dollars, of which over five millions have been paid in upon the work already done.

EARNINGS OF THE COMPANY.

At present, the profits of the Company are derived only from its local traffic, but this is already much more than sufficient to pay the intersts on all the Bonds the Company can issue, if not another mile were built. It is not doubted that when the road is completed the through traffic of the only line connecting the Atlantic and Pacific States will be large beyond precedent, and, as there will be no competition, it can always be done at profitable rates.

It will be noticed that the Union Pacific Railroad is, in fact, a *Government Work*, built under the supervision of Government money, and that its bonds are issued under Government directors. It is believed that no similar security is so carefully guarded, and certainly no other is based upon a large or more valuable property. As the Company's

FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS,

are offered for the present at 90 CENTS ON THE DOLLAR, they are the cheapest security in the market, being more than fifteen per cent. lower than U. S. Stocks. They pay

SIX PER CENT. IN GOLD,

or over NINE PER CENT. upon the investment.

Subscriptions will be received in Bedford by RUPP AND SHANNON, and in New York at the Company's Office, No. 20 Nassau street, and by CONTINENTAL NATIONAL BANK, No. 7 Nassau street, CLARK, DODGE & CO., Bankers, No. 51 Wall street, JOHN J. CISCO & SON, Bankers, No. 33 Wall street, and by the Company's advertised Agents throughout the United States. Remittances should be made in drafts or other funds par in New York, and the bonds will be sent free of charge by return express. Parties subscribing through local agents, will look to them for their safe delivery.

A NEW PAMPHLET AND MAP, showing the Progress of the Work, Resources for Construction and Value of Bonds, may be obtained at the Company's Offices or of its advertised Agents, or will be sent free on application.

JOHN J. CISCO, Treasurer, New York.
November 23, 1867.

HUNTINGDON & BROADTOP RAILROAD —On and after Thursday, Oct. 16, 1867, Passenger Trains will arrive and depart as follows:

Accom. P. M.	Mail. A. M.	STATIONS AND SIDINGS	Accom A. M.	Mail. P. M.
LE 4.40	LE 7.50	Huntingdon,	AR 9.30	AR 4.17
5.02	8.10	McConnellstown	9.08	3.37
5.14	8.22	Pleasant Grove,	8.58	3.49
5.31	8.38	Marklesburg,	8.38	3.30
5.50	8.53	Coffee Run,	8.23	3.15
6.00	9.01	Rough & Ready	8.13	3.08
6.10	9.12	Cove,	8.58	2.54
6.20	9.16	Fisher's Summit	7.53	2.50
AR 6.38	AR 9.33 / LE 9.40	Saxton,	LE 7.35	LE 2.35 / AR 2.26
	10.00	Riddlesburg,		2.08
	10.08	Hopewell,		2.00
	10.24	Piper's Run,		1.44
	10.42	Tatesville,		1.19
	10.55	Bloody Run,		1.07
	AR 11.05	Mount Dallas,		LE 1.00

SHOUP'S RUN BRANCH.

LE 6.40	LE 9.50	Saxton,	AR 7.30	AR 2.30
6.55	10.05	Coalmont,	7.15	2.15
7.00	10.10	Crawford,	7.10	2.10
AR 7.15	AR 10.20	Dudley, Broad Top City,	LE 7.05	LE 2.05

Oct 15:67. JOHN M'KILLIPS, Supt.

AND STILL THEY COME!

A NEW SUPPLY OF

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, GROCERIES, BOOTS and SHOES,

JUST RECEIVED AND AT REDUCED PRICES,

AT J. M. SHOEMAKER'S CHEAP STORE.
December 13th, 1867. tf

GREAT REDUCTION.

MRS. E. V. MOWERY,

Has now a new and FASHIONABLE stock of MILINERY, DRESS AND FANCY GOODS.

The finest FRENCH MERINORS and Dress Goods in the Market. All of which has just been greatly reduced in price, and will be sold as cheap as the cheapest.
December 13th, 1867.-m3

ESTATE OF THOMAS IMLER, deceased.—The Register of Bedford County having granted letters of Administration with the Will annexed upon the estate of Thomas Imler late of Bedford township, deceased, to the subscriber residing in Bedford township: all having claims against said estate are requested to make known the same to him, without delay, and those indebted to make immediate payment.

EPHRAIM IMLER,
Dec. 13, '67. Administrator c. t. a.

STRAY HOG.—Came to the residence of the subscriber in Colerain tp., about the 1st of December, a White Shoat; no marks. The owner will comply with the usual conditions and remove it. jan10:3t* JACOB BIDDLE.

THE INQUIRER BOOK STORE!

The attention of the public is invited to the following selection of Miscellaneous Books now offered for sale at city retail prices:

Dream Life, by Ik Marvel	$ 1 75
Reveries of a Bachelor	1 75
100 Choice Selections	1 00
Cleveland's Compendium of English Literature	2 75
Cleveland's Com'dium. of Amer. Literature	2 75
Bryant's Poems in Blue and Gold	1 50
Halleck's Poems in Blue and Gold	1 50
Well's Every Man his own Lawyer	2 00
Two Marriages	1 50
The Initials	2 00
Phœnixians, by John Phœnix	1 50
Miss Muibach's Historical Novels (per vol)	2 00
Dictionary of Quotations	2 00
Wild Western Scenes	1 50
Wickersham's Method of Teaching	1 75
Wickersham's School Economy	1 50
Polite Letter Writer	45
Cleveland's Literature of the 19th Century	2 75
Macauley's History of England 5 vol. in 1	3 25
Jean Ingelow's Poems 2 vol	4 00
Curious Myths of the Middle ages	1 50
Widow Bedott Papers	1 75
Sergeant's Standard Speaker	2 50
Coppee's Academic Speaker	2 50
Artemas Ward, His Book	1 50
Wagoner of the Alleghanies	1 80
Tupper's Poems in Blue and Gold	1 25
Poe's Poems in Blue and Gold	1 25
Jean Ingelow's Poems	1 50
Last Day's of Pompeii by Bulwer (Globed)	1 50
Caxton's	1 50
Pilgrim's Progress, by Bunyan	2 00
Mrs. Caudle Curtain Lectures	1 50
Milton's Paradise Lost	1 50
Homespun, by Thomas Lackland	1 75
Kathrina, by J. G. Holland	1 50
Bitter Sweet	1 50
Whittier's Poems Diamond edition	1 50
Longfellow's Poems Diamond edition	1 50
Tennyson's Poems Diamond edition	1 50
Enoch Arden, by Tennyson	1 25
Guardian Angel, by O. W. Holmes	2 00
Tent on the Beach, by Whittier	1 50
Snow Bound, Illustrated	50
Country Living, Gail Hamilton	2 00
Companion Poets 5 vols	5 00
Tom Brown at Rugby, by Thos Hughes	1 75
Picture of St. John, by Bayard Taylor	2 00
Evangeline, by Longfellow	1 25
Pendennis, by Thackery	1 50
The Newcomes, by Thackery	1 50
Young America Abroad	1 65
Gullivers' Travels, by Dean Swift	1 50
Lady of the Lake, by Walter Scott	1 75
Robinson Cruesoe, by Defoe	1 80
Wadsworth's Poems	1 80
Grey's Poems	2 50
Initals, the great Love tail	2 00
Bench and Bar	2 50
Early Dawn, by the author of Schonbergcotta family	1 75
Ingoldsby Legends, 2 vols	4 00
Family Bibles from	3 75 to 8 00
Small Bibles	1 00 to 4 50
Lutheran Hymn Books	75 to 2 25
Methodist Hymn Books	75 to 2 25
Webster's Unabridged Dictionary	12 00
Smith's Dictionary of the Bible	3 50
History of the Books of the Bible, by Stowe	3 00
Baker's Secret Service	3 00
Camp, Battle Field and Hospital	3 00
Dicken's Novels, per vol	25
Marryatt's Novels at	50
Sir Walter Scott's Novels at	50
Miss Ellen Pickering's Novels at	38
G. W. M. Reynold's Novels at	50
Eugene Sue's	50
Alexander Dumas'	50
Sir Edward Lytton Bulwer's	50
D'Israeli's	50
Wilkie Collins'	50
George Sand's	50
Mrs. Henry Wood's	50
Major Jone's Courtship	75
Charcoal Sketches	75
Travels of Major Jones	75

School Books at the lowest prices. Call and examine our stock. DURBORROW & LUTZ.

BRITISH PERIODICALS.

LONDON QUARTERLY REVIEW [Conser.]
EDINBURGH REVIEW [Whig.]
WESTMINISTER REVIEW [Radical.]
NORTH BRITISH REVIEW [Free-Church.]
AND
BLACKWOOD'S EDINBURGH MAGAZINE [Tory.]

These periodicals are ably sustained by the contributions of the best writers on Science, Religion and General Literature, and stand unrivalled in the world of letters. They are indispensable to the scholar and the professional man, and to every reading man, as they furnish a better record of the current literature of the day than can be obtained from any other source.

TERMS FOR 1867.

	per annum
For any one of the Reviews	$4.00 "
For any two of the Reviews	7.00 "
For any three of the Reviews	10.00 "
For all four of the Reviews	12.00 "
For Blackwood's Magazine	4.00 "
For Blackwood and any one Review	7.00 "
For Blackwood and two of the Reviews	10.00 "
For Blackwood and three of the Reviews	13.00 "
For Blackwood and the four Reviews	15.00 "

CLUBS.

A discount of *twenty per cent.* will be allowed to clubs of four or more persons. Thus, four copies of Blackwood, or of one Review, will be sent to one address for $12.80. Four copies of the four Reviews and Blackwood, for $48,00, and so on.

POSTAGE.

Subscribers should prepay by the quarter, at the office of delivery. The POSTAGE to any part of the United States is *Two Cents* a number. This rate only applies to current subscriptions. For back numbers the the postage is double.

PREMIUMS TO NEW SUBSCRIBERS!

New subscribers to any two of the above periodicals for 1868 will be entitled to receive, gratis, any *one* of the "*Four Reviews*" for 1867. New subscribers to all five of the Periodicals for 1868, will receive, gratis, Blackwood, any *two* of the "*Four Reviews*" for 1867.

Subscribers may also obtain back numbers at the following reduced rates, viz:

The *North British* from January, 1863, to December, 1867 inclusive; the *Edinburg* and the *Westminster* from April, 1864, to December, 1867, inclusive, and the *London Quarterly* for the years 1855 and 1866, at the rate of $1.50 a year for each or any Review; also *Blackwood* for 1866, for $2.50.

☞ Neither premiums to Subscribers, nor discount to Clubs, nor reduced prices for back numbers, can be allowed, unless the money is remitted direct to the Publishers.

No premiums can be given to Clubs.

THE LEONARD SCOTT PUBLISHING CO.,
140 Fulton St., N. Y.

FARMER'S GUIDE,

by Henry Stephens, of Edinburgh, and the late J. P. Norton, of Yale College. 2 vols. Royal Octavo 1600 pages, and numerous Engravings.

Price $7 for the two volumes—by Mail, post paid, $8. dec.21:

THE GREAT

AMERICAN COMBINATION

BUTTON HOLE OVERSEAMING AND

SEWING MACHINE,

Is warranted to execute in the best maner every variety of Sewing, Hemming, Felling, Cording, Tucking, Braiding, Gathering, Quilting, Overseaming, Embroidering on the edge, and in addition makes beautiful Button and Eylet Holes in all febrics.

IT HAS NO EQUAL

Being absolutely the best

FAMILY MACHINE

IN THE WORLD.

And Intrinsically the Cheapest.

For it is two Machines combined in one by a simple and beautiful mechanical arrangement.

Circulars with full particulars and samples of work done on this Machine, can be had on application at the

SALES-ROOMS OF THE COMPANY,
S. W. CORNER ELEVENTH AND CHESTNUT STREETS
PHILADELPHIA.

Instructions given on the machine gratuitously to all purchers.

AGENTS WANTED TO SELL THIS MACHINE.

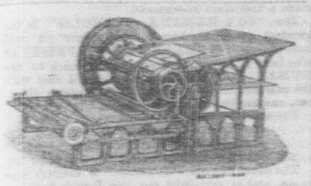
DIRECTORS.

J. L. PENNOCK, President.
WILLIAM P. JENKS,
President Buck Mountain Coal Company.
BENJAMIN BULLOCK,
Wool Merchant, No. 40 South Front St.
H. H. REED, of George W. Reed & Co.,
Wholesale Clothing, No. 423 Market Street.
A. HAUT, JOHN T. TAITT, GEO. J. RICHARDSON,
W. B. MENDENHALL,
Of Coatsville, Chester County, Pa.
F. PAXSON, of Paxson & Co.,
jan3 y1 Notions, No. 504 Market Street.

THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL.

It is unnecessary to occupy time or space in setting forth the character of the *Commercial*. Its standing as the leading newspaper in Pennsylvania—although the most recently established of the first class papers of the country—is already assured. At no time an experiment, it has steadily grown in circulation, strength and patronage, until it has become recognized everywhere not only as the leading journal in this State, but the favorite with the reading public in a large part of Ohio, West Virginia and even beyond their borders. It employs the telegraph on a scale equalled only by the great papers of the larger cities. As a Commercial paper it has a recognized standing at home and abroad, and is read by the most intelligent of all classes, among whom it exerts an influence second to no other in the State. Its Market

Bedford Inquirer.



BEDFORD, PA., FRIDAY, JAN. 31, 1868.

All advertisements, except public sales and legal notices, will be inserted three months and charged accordingly unless otherwise ordered.

DIRECTORY.—The following is a directory of the Officers of Bedford County and the Borough of Bedford, of the Ministers of Bedford, and the time of meeting of the different associations:

BEDFORD COUNTY OFFICERS.

President Judge—Hon. Alex. King.
Associate Judges—Wm. G. Eicholtz and Geo. W. Gump.
Prothonotary, Register and Recorder, &c.—O. E. Shannon.
District Attorney—E. F. Kerr.
Treasurer—George Mardorff.
Sheriff—Robert Steckman.
Deputy Sheriff—Philip Hazzard.
County Surveyor—Samuel Kesterman.
Commissioners—Michael Wertz, Michael S. Bitchey and David Howsare. *Clerk*—John G. Fisher. *Counsel*—John W. Dickerson.
Directors of Poor—Samuel Beckley, D. R. Anderson and Michael Pistil. *Steward*—Samuel Bedbaugh. *Counsel*—E. F. Kerr. *Clerk*—T. R. Gettys. *Treasurer*—William Bowles. *Physician*—Dr. F. C. Bommer.
Auditors—David Evans, James Mattingly and John D. Imler.

BOROUGH OFFICERS.

Burgess—O. E. Shannon.
Assistant Burgess—Philip Hazzard.
Council—Thomas H. Lyons, John Bour, A. W. Mower, J. M. Shoemaker, Hiram Lentz and T. R. Gettys. *Clerk*—H. Nicodemus. *Treasurer*—John H. Rush.
Constable—William Geyhart.
High Constable—Samuel Waters.
School Directors—Job Mann, S. L. Russell, T. R. Gettys, Jacob Reed, John Cessna and H. Nicodemus. *Secretary*—J. W. Lingg, Esq. *Treasurer*—T. R. Gettys.

MINISTERS.

Episcopalian—Rev. Alfred J. Barrow.
Presbyterian—Rev. A. V. Schenck.
Lutheran—Rev. J. Q. Meatire.
Methodist—Rev. B. G. W. Reed.
German Reformed—Rev. H. Heckerman.
Roman Catholic—Rev. Thomas Heyden.

ASSOCIATIONS.

Bedford Lodge, No. 220, A. Y. M., meets on the first Wednesday on or before full moon, in the Bedford Hall, on the corner of Pitt and Richard streets.
Penn Branch Encampment, No. 114, I. O. O. F., meets on the first and third Wednesday evenings of each month, in the Bedford Hall.
Bedford Lodge, No. 202, I. O. O. F., meets every Friday evening, in the Bedford Hall.
Bedford Lodge, No. 148, I. O. G. T., meets in the Court House, on Monday evening of each week.

REPUBLICAN MEETING.

There will be a meeting of the Republicans of Bedford County, at the Court House, on

TUESDAY EVE. OF COURT WEEK,

(February 11th.)

The Presidential Campaign of '68 is everywhere opening. The lines of the contending parties are rapidly falling into position for the great contest. During this last great effort to defeat the results of the war, and the legislation upon Reconstruction, let the friends of Republican institutions stand together. We must organize throughout the county for this eventful campaign. We hope to have a full turnout from all parts of the county.

J. H. LONGENECKER, Chm'n.
D. S. ELLIOTT, Sec'y.

MEETING OF THE REPUBLICAN COUNTY COMMITTEE.—There will be a meeting of the Republican County Committee of Bedford County, at the WASHINGTON HOTEL, at 2 o'clock P. M. on TUESDAY OF COURT WEEK, Feb. 11. It is desirable that *every* member be present, as considerable important business will come before the Committee. A delegate is to be elected to the coming State Convension; and some action is to be taken as to the coming campaign.

The following are the members of the Committee, none of whom must fail to attend its meeting:

Bedford Township: Chas. Ben.
Bloody Run Borough: Jno. A. Gump.
Broad Top Tp.: A. J. Wigton.
Colerain: Josiah Ott.
Coal Dale Bor.: Josiah Lehman.
Cumb. Valley: Jno. C. Vickroy.
Harrison: Calvin Mullin.
Hopewell: Jno. W. Smith.
Juniata: Jesse Geller.
Liberty: Jno. T. Shirley.
Londonderry: Jacob Evans.
Monroe: Jas. R. O'Neal.
Napier: W. Hull.
E. Providence: W. A. Stalley.
W. Providence: Wilson McDaniel.
Saxton Borough: Capt. E. Eichelberger.
St. Clair Tp.: R. B. Mock.
Schellsburg Bor.: J. E. Colvin.
Snake Spring Tp.: Jno. Baker.
Southampton: H. C. Lashley
Union: Samuel Shaffer.
Woodberry N.: Wm. R. Smith.
Woodberry S.: Jacob T. Ketring.

J. H. LONGENECKER, Chm'n.
D. S. ELLIOTT, Sec'y.

TWENTY-FIVE CENT EDITION OF DICKENS'S WORKS.—T. B. Peterson & Brothers are publishing an entire new and cheap edition of Charles Dickens's Works. Each book will be printed from large type, that all can read, and each work will be issued complete in a large octavo volume, with a new illustrated cover, and sold at the low price of TWENTY-FIVE CENTS a volume, or *four dollars* for a complete set. The following eight volumes are now ready, viz:

Great Expectations.....Price 25 cents.
Nicholas Nickleby.....Price 25 cents.
Christmas Stories.....Price 25 cents.
Dombey and Son.....Price 25 cents.
Martin Chuzzlewit.....Price 25 cents.
Pickwick Papers.....Price 25 cents.
Oliver Twist.....Price 25 cents.
American Notes.....Price 25 cents.

All the other volumes to complete this series, will follow in rapid succession. Persons desiring to avail themselves of this opportunity to procure a cheap edition of Dickens's works will please leave their orders at the INQUIRER Book Store, and they will be supplied as rapidly as published. Everybody reads Dickens; not to read his works is to confess that you have no literary taste. tf.

ALL THE Books used in the Common Schools, at the lowest prices at which they can be sold, at the INQUIRER Book Store.

MONEY! MONEY WANTED!

Again we are compelled to call upon those who are indebted to us for Subscriptions, Advertising and Job Work to come forward and give us a helping hand by paying up the little sums which they owe us. We need money worse now than we have at any time since we have been in business. Wherever we owe a debt, large or small, we are notified to pay without grace and we desire to do so, but without money we cannot do it. There is certainly money in the country. Our farmers have received such prices for their produce during the last five years that they must have realized fortunes. They have had very heavy crops and had to buy comparatively little. We pray they may have at least paid enough by to pay the printer. In addition to the little debts that we desire to pay, we intend to make some material improvements. We have purchased the office occupied by us a few weeks ago, and J. W. Lingenfelter, adjoining the Mengel House and intend erecting a three story brick building during the summer for our Printing office, Job office, Book Store, Law Office, and an other improvement. And, further: if our friends stand by us, as we think they should, we will increase the size of the INQUIRER during the year. Its columns have been very much crowded with advertisements for the last six months and yet we have rejected hundreds of dollars of foreign advertising. All this will require money and all we ask is that our patrons pay up promptly and the improvements which we have indicated shall be made. Send us every dollar you owe us on Court week and you will do us a very great favor. Those who do not owe us, and there are many of our readers who do not, will excuse us for boring them with this article. We think that they will, however, be so pleased to hear that we are going to make further improvements that they will thank us for it and urge delinquents to pay up. The INQUIRER has been very well sustained by its friends in the county, in fact their are very few county papers in the State that are as well sustained, and we desire to put every dollar into it that we make out of it, to enable those who sustain it to receive the full advantage of the money which they invest in it from time to time. tc

THE OLD TURNPIKE.—Those were prosperous days when the "Old Turnpike" was one of the great thoroughfares between the East and the West, when from morn 'till eve the heavy lumbering wagons rolled, consecutively over it, sometimes to the merry tinkle of the bell, when the "Old Sign Post" was stationed at almost every door and when the "old stage coach" thundered along with its drowsy passengers and mails making mountain, hill and valley echo and re-echo its coming. But alas! those days have gone and the "Old Turnpike" has given way to other lines and better modes of travel, the "Old Sign Post" still stands in front of the old "Traveller's Rest," both in a state of decay, and the "stage coach" has been hauled out to rust and rot.

A practical friend has sketched, thus:

THE OLD SIGN POST.

The old Sign Post stands at the door,
Where it has stood since days of yore,
Its swinging board long "on the shelf"
Leaves but a skeleton of its former self;
Old, decrepid, at half mast,
It reels and totters in the blast.
When it was planted times were good,
And cheap the price of drink and food:
"*Traveller's Rest*" swung in the breeze,
And to the weary promised ease,
It bade the thirsty ones come in,
To drink of whiskey, wine or gin.
Three cents was all that then was charged,
But now the price is much enlarged:
From ten to fifteen cents, I think,
Is now the price that's asked per drink.
Then whiskey was the purest "rye,"
Now it's "rot gut," "rifle," and "red-eye,"
"O, be joyful," "mingle Tom," "Andy Johnson,"
From Penobscot to Wisconsin,
With poisonous drugs it now is filled,
And nuts and nostrum well distilled,
Of grapes the brandy then was made,
And gin was of the highest grade
But now they're made, I've understood,
With "tar gut," juniper, and log-wood:
Each's claim to purity discards,
And *all* will kill three-hundred-yards.
And then again we see their fruits,
Oft manifest by "snakes in boots,"
Or, sometimes, the recompense,
A "black horse looking o'er the fence."
When in its prime was that old post
A "*shell*" did just a "*fery*" cost,
Now checks, alas! are out of vogue,
And every honest man—and rogue,
Christian, unkempt Jew, and sinner,
Must pay *half a dollar* for his dinner.
Then four was *three dollars* a barrel,
But now we're in a pretty snarl:
From *twelve to fifteen dollars* the price,
And the flour sometimes at that not nice,
Board was then a *dollar* per week,
But now our landlords have the check,
To ask poor devils from *four* to ten
For "grub" not half as good as then.
Horse feed and hay a *shilling* brought,
Bed for the night a *sixpence* bought,
But *double* now must be the pay
For gallon of oats, for bed and hay.
In short the prices without scruple,
Have risen double, treble, yea, quadruple
In everything, and "rule the roast"
In the latter days of that old post.
Old Sign-Post! you're much decayed,
Your race is run, be not dismayed,
A few brief weeks, or months at most
Will see your last, you'll yield the ghost
Into your native dust you'll go,
And we will struggle on so, so,
And for your times, from day to day,
With hearts devout we'll ever pray—
Pray ever that we may retrieve
The "good old days of Adam and Eve."

INFORMATION WANTED.—William Reily, late of Company D, 55th Regiment of Pennsylvania Veteran Volunteers, was wounded at Cold Harbor, Virginia, on the 2d or 3d of June, 1864, and taken to the rear. He died a few days afterwards. Evidence of death is wanted. Any person having seen him die, or who saw him after death, will confer a favor on his widow by making affidavit to the same, and sending it to the INQUIRER office. All expenses will be paid.

JUBILEE.—There will be Jubilee Services, appropriate to the observance of the 350th anniversary of the Reformation, held in the Lutheran church of this place, beginning on Thursday evening the 30th inst., continuing during each evening of the week. The Lord's supper will be administered in the same church on Sunday morning following.

A Sunday School Jubilee will be held on Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

LECTURE.—The first lecture of the series for the benefit of the Bedford Cemetery, will be delivered in the Court House, on next Tuesday evening, Feb. 4th, by the Rev. A. J. Barrow. Subject—*A Night in Westminster Abbey.*

A HAUNTED CHURCH.—The readers of this tale will remember a clear, cold night, somewhere in the neighborhood of the "night before Christmas," when the mercury found it convenient to escape into the ball of the tube far down below zero,—merely that it might not be "left out in the cold," when the snow cracked and complained beneath the feet of the pedestrian until the pedal extremities burned, followed by a sensation of numbness, and then a stinging pain indicative of more than mere coldness; when the trees cracked and snapped as if wroth at the very elements, and when Jack Frost hovered in the clouds of mist that hung along the valleys and now and then shot up along the hill-sides, robing shrub, bough and trunk in his mantle of crystal. Ugh! how cold it was that night. All animal creation shrunk from the touch of the penetrating atmosphere with a shudder. The very dogs seemed afraid to venture forth from their kennels. Nature said in words, written upon every breath of air, that man had naught to do out of doors that night. Yet there was one individual to be found abroad in defiance of nature, in the face of Jack Frost, the creaking snow, the moaning trees and the solemn warning of the sad owl. But he was sorely punished for his heedless account of the laws of nature. It was his fortune to have to pass a Church on this forbidden night. It was a solemn spot, and he quickened his pace as he thought of the awful spirits that are said to haunt such sacred places. As he plodded along by the door of the temple, a strange and startling sight met his gaze. His heart fluttered, his pulse ran wild, his brain reeled, on beholding a dense volume of smoke issuing from the chimney of the church! When he recovered his senses he was speeding away from the awful apparition at a rate that would have thrown Dexter into the shade. His better judgment, however, got the advantage of his superstition, and he resolved to arouse the neighborhood. Half an hour later the church was flanked and completely surrounded. A council was held and it was decided to *wait until morning* before an entrance should be attempted. Long they stood at their posts, eagerly listening for some demonstration from the inside, while the cold was intense—awful! One of the guards, unable to endure it further, or having more courage than his companions-in-arms, announced his determination to make a breach regardless of consequences or orders. Stealthily creeping to the church door he introduced the key, then giving his companions a look of mutual separation,—he opened the door. What was his astonishment to find no great fire or even traces of any fire there, nor had there apparently been a human being inside of the sacred precincts since the last regular day of worship.

"Not a creature was stirring, not even a mouse."

The mystery, we presume, remains unexplained until this day, if the solution given by one of the party that night should go for naught, who said that "it must have been the devil smoking his pipe," and when they entered disappeared up the chimney. So ends this tale as it began—IN SMOKE.

The church is said to be located in Snake Spring Valley. For an explanation of the phenomena we would refer to Peterson's Familiar Science, pp. 209.

READING MATTER FOR THE INMATES OF ALMS-HOUSES.—In this age when great efforts are put forth by philanthropists to smooth the rugged paths of the unfortunates who are compelled to seek refuge from the bitter storms of adversity in the charitable institutions which do credit to our broad Commonwealth, would it not be well to enact a law compelling the Poor Directors of the different counties to procure a library for the use of the inmates of the house over which they have control? We have known inmates of the Alms-House in this county to come to the INQUIRER office many times, and plead for something to read, and when their desires were satisfied, to go on their way rejoicing. Let any habitual book or newspaper reader be shut out from the world of letters, and denied the privilege, even for a month, of the mental enjoyment which reading affords him, and he would almost curse the day that visited upon him such a calamity, and yet there are superannuated persons, fond of reading, in the Alms-House of Bedford county, that are shut out from the world of types from one years, end to the other. This matter should be looked into by our law-makers. We might enumerate the good results which would flow from it, but they will suggest themselves at once to any intelligent mind. Healthy reading matter for the mind is as essential to the healthy condition of the body, as the substantials which cover the ample tables. Those who cannot read would receive the advantages of the reading and intelligent conversation of those who can. Hours and days, yea, months would fly away, with the fleetness that characterizes time when we are spending life merrily, and not drowsily, insipidly, and as if only waiting for the final moment to shuffle "off this mortal coil." We may refer to this matter again.

THE SLEIGHING.—There has been a perfect carnival of sleighing during the week. Everybody seemed anxious to improve the opportunity afforded by the late snow, of having more than one ride, and, as a consequence, everybody that could, went sleighing. Pitt and Juliana streets on some days, were literally crowded with all sorts of turn-outs, from the gaily comparisoned "two-in-hand" scud ding away in front of fierce mustache, bright eyes and flying curl, to the almost transparent, consumptive looking horse, attached to a skeleton sled, and pitilessly urged onward by the whip and word of impecunious sports. Between these extremes all grades of style and speed go jingling, flitting by, until, as we *walked* and gazed, we wished we were not a Local in search of items, but—anything that would grant us the privilege of joining the carnival.

Various parties have availed themselves of the opportunity presented to enjoy to themselves a sleigh-ride. A society of the Episcopalian Congregation visited Schellsburg one night last week, and, we are informed spent a very pleasant evening. On their return home, however, in coming down "Tull's Hill" the horses attached to one of the sleds became unmanageable, ran the vehicle against a telegraph post and disengaging themselves left the party to find their way home as best they could. No one was seriously hurt, we are happy to say. Mr. Sam. Stahl sustaining all the injury inflicted.

ON A RAID.—The Methodist choir paid a visit, in a body, to the house of Mr. R. S. Mapes a few miles out of town last Saturday night. Quite a pleasant time was had by the "singers," and the friends accompanying them, and all returned at an early hour, much gratified with the evening's entertainment.

THE BRIDGE ON RICHARD STREET.—A bill was passed finally, through the Senate of Pennsylvania, on the 22nd inst., requiring the county of Bedford to pay James Clark three thousand dollars for the erection of the bridge across the Raystown Branch of the Juniata on Richard Street. The readers of the INQUIRER will remember that Mr. Clark made his appearance here at the last term of our Court and attempted to obstruct this bridge and that he was arrested and brought before the Court. Sometime prior to that date Mr. Clark had offered the bridge for sale by advertisement and it was knocked off to him for three thousand dollars. Counsel were employed by him but upon an examination of his claim it was found that nothing could be done that would afford him the relief he sought, and the matter has now assumed the shape above stated.

It appears that Mr. Clark was a contractor and constructed this bridge for the Hollidaysburg and Bedford Turnpike Company twenty-five or thirty years ago; that company failed and Mr. Clark was never paid for his labor nor his materials, nor for the labor which he was compelled to hire. Upon the failure of the company Mr. Clark was forced to sustain the entire cost of the construction of this improvement. He was at that time the owner of a farm in this county which, we understand, was sold to pay the debts incurred in the erection of the bridge. Thus beggared in laboring for the benefit of the public he has at last sought redress through the Legislature with what success our tax-payers will learn no doubt in due course of time.

"HOW CAN YE BLOOM SO FRESH AND FAIR?" goes the old Scotch song. How? Why, those who show the bloom of health on their cheeks take Plantation Bitters, which has the power of fortifying the system against disease and of regulating the digestive apparatus. Are you dyspeptic, weak, void of energy? Have you little or no appetite, headache, continued lassitude and depression of spirits? Take S. T.—1860—X., and bloom and beauty will return. The Bitters have become a household friend.

THE "WORLD" ALMANAC.—Mr. M. Marble, publisher of the *New York World* will please accept our thanks for a copy of the "*World Almanac*," issued by him, after the plan of the *Tribune Almanac*. This Almanac is principally made up of articles taken from a Democratic stand point, but contains, in addition thereto, some very valuable information. Price—20 cents. For sale at the INQUIRER Book Store.

Harpers' Magazine, Atlantic Monthly, Lippincot's Magazine, Our Young Folks, Old Guard, Godey's Lady's Book, Demorest's Mirror of Fashion, Lady's Friend, Galaxy, Eclectic Magazine, Waverly Magazine, Harpers' Weekly Journal of Civilization, Harpers' Bazar, Chimney Corner, Leslie's Illustrated, New York Ledger, New York Weekly, &c for sale at the INQUIRER Book Store. tf.

INSTITUTION FOR THE BLIND.—We are in receipt of the annual report of the Managers of the Pennsylvania Institution for the Instruction of the Blind. The institution is in a flourishing condition, as we learn from the report, the officers have been diligent in the discharge of their duty, and the report, altogether, is a very satisfactory one.

THANKS.—Hon. W. H. Koontz, our able Representative at Washington, Hon. W. D. Kelley, Surveyor General Campbell, Adjutant General McCreary, of Harrisburg, Hon. Alex. Stutzman of the State Senate, Messrs. J. T. Richards, John Weller and John T. Keagy, Esq., of the House, have our thanks for valuable public documents.

ALMANACS FOR 1868.—The *Tribune, World*, Episcopal, Lutheran, Methodist, Atlantic, Phrenological, and Hagerstown Almanacs for sale at the INQUIRER Book Store.

REMOVED.—Messrs. Lingenfelter & Points, Attorneys at Law, have removed their office to the new building on the public square, near the Lutheran Church.

SHEET MUSIC, at publisher's price, at the INQUIRER Book Store. Anything not on hand will be ordered.

MAGNOLIA WATER is a delightful toilet article—superior to Cologne and at half the price.

MARRIED.

On Tuesday, Jan. 28th, 1868, by Elder Isaac Bitchey, Mr. FRED. S. BAKER, of Middle Woodberry, to Miss. L. A. HULLINGER, of South Woodberry township.

The happy couple have our best wishes for their continued happiness.

STRAY SHEEP.—Came to the residence of the subscriber in West Providence township, some time in November, a good sized sheep. The owner will take the usual course and remove it.
jan31:3t WM. MASTERS.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

IMPERIAL BARGAIN STORE,
DECEMBER 12, 1867.

J. C. WRIGHT is admitted to an interest in our business from this date. The style of our firm is changed to G. R. OSTER & CO.
Bedford, jan31-1m G. R. & W. OSTER.

PLASTER.

The undersigned would respectfully inform the public, that he is now prepared to supply both

ROCK AND GROUND PLASTER,

at his Warehouse.

JOHN W. BARNDOLLAR.
Bloody Run Station, Jan. 31, 1868-3m.

MUSLINS! MUSLINS!

Just received at the *IMPERIAL BARGAIN STORE!* New York Mills, Utica Nonpariel, Wamsutta Mills, Williamsville, Fruit of the Loom, Nonsuch, Semper Idem, Lonsdale, Hope Mills, &c. Together with other first class makes in bleached and unbleached, at the lowest prices. As muslins are now advancing we think it a very safe time for families to lay in a supply.

G. R. OSTER & CO.
Bedford, Jan. 31-1m

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES,

for the Western District of Pennsylvania.

WILLIAM SPIDEL, a Bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2d, 1867, having applied for a discharge from all his debts, and other claims provable under said act, by order of the Court, notice is hereby given, to all Creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons interested, to appear on the 14th day of February, 1868, at 2 o'clock P. M., before HASTINGS GEHR, Esq., Register, at the Court House in Bedford, Pa., to show cause, if any they have, why a Discharge should not be granted to the said Bankrupt. And further, notice is hereby given, that the second and third meetings of creditors of the said Bankrupt, required by the 27th and 28th sections of said act, will be had before said Register, at the same time and place.

S. C. McCANDLESS,
Clerk of the U. S. Dist. Court for said District.
jan31:2w.

SEVERAL GOOD CANVASSERS WANTED to canvass for Dr. Wm. J. Mullin's Pamphlet on Diptheria as it appeared in Bedford and Somerset counties, with numerous Receipts, &c. Good wages can be made. Apply to

DR. W. J. MULLIN,
jan.3tf Schellsburg.

THE EVENING POST

CLUB FOR 1868.

$2 50 A YEAR
For the WEEKLY EVENING POST and the AMERICAN AGRICULTURIST.

$2 00 A YEAR
For the WEEKLY EVENING POST and the RIVERSIDE MAGAZINE.

$4 00 A YEAR
For the WEEKLY EVENING POST, AMERICAN AGRICULTURIST and RIVERSIDE MAGAZINE.

$7 00 A YEAR
For the SEMI-WEEKLY EVENING POST, and either the AMERICAN AGRICULTURIST or RIVERSIDE MAGAZINE.

Send for free specimen copy to
"THE EVENING POST,
NEW YORK."

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

The subscriber will sell at his residence in Napier township, on

Tuesday the 27th day of February, 1868,

THE FARM upon which he now resides, containing 162 acres, nett measure, of which about 120 acres are cleared and under good fence, the balance being well timbered. The buildings are a two and a half story Log House, with stone kitchen attached, double log barn and other outbuildings. There are two good apple orchards, a mill seat and twenty acres of meadow upon it. Excellent water near the door. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock. DANIEL HESS.
jan24:3t

U. S. MARSHAL'S OFFICE,
W. D. OF PENNSYLVANIA,
PITTSBURGH, Jan. 20th, 1868.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE: That on the 30th day of November, A. D. 1867, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of JAMES R. FARQUHAR, of Bedford, in the County of Bedford, and State of Pennsylvania, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by Law; that a meeting of the Creditors of the said Bankrupt, to prove their Debts, and to choose one or more Assignees of his Estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy to be holden at the Court House, in Bedford, Bedford county, Pa., before HASTINGS GEHR, Esq., Register, on the 14th day of February A. D. 1868, at 9 o'clock, A. M.

THOMAS A. ROWLEY,
jan24:4t U. S. Marshal, Messenger.

NOTICE TO BUILDERS.

The Board of School Directors of Napier School District, will let to the lowest and best bidder, in the Borough of Schellsburg, at the house of Burton Edsall, the building of THREE new School Houses, 22 by 26 feet, in said township, on Saturday the 8th day of February, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day. The presence of builders is earnestly requested. Also, two old school houses now occupying the ground upon which two of the new are to be erected, will be sold.

L. M. TAYLOR, Prest.
T. B. STUDEBAKER, Sec'y. jan24:3t

PAINTING.

G. A. HILD. MATTHEW P. SPIDEL.

HILD & SPIDEL

Respectfully inform the public, that having formed a partnership, they are now prepared to do all kinds of PLAIN and FANCY PAINTING, PAPER HANGING, &c. Sign Painting, and all kinds of Wood Imitation executed beautifully. Prices moderate. The patronage of the public is solicited. We refer to Judge King, Wm. Hartley, O. E. Shannon, S. L. Russell. jan17:3m

OFFICE HUNTINGDON & BROADTOP R. R. Co., 258 SOUTH 3d STREET, PHILADELPHIA, JANUARY 15th, 1868.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the Huntingdon and Broadtop Mountain Rail Road and Coal Company will be held at the office of the Company, No. 258 S. 3d Street Philadelphia, on TUESDAY, the 4th day of February, 1868, at 11 o'clock A. M., when an election will be held for a President and twelve Directors to serve for the ensuing year.
jan17:3t J. P. AERTSON, Sec'y.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.—Letters testamentary upon the estate of JOS. SELLERS, late of Bedford tp., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned by the Register of Bedford county, they hereby give notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JNO. S. SPROAT,
J. T. GEPHART,
WM. SCHAEFFER,
jan. 17:6w Executors.

GEORGE SOLESBY vs. SUSAN SOLESBY.—In the Court of Common Pleas of Bedford county. No. 15, Sept. Term, 1867. Alias Subpœna in Libel for Divorce. And now, Sept. 2d, 1867, the Court, on motion of G. H. Spang, Esq., grant a rule on Susan Solesby, respondent in the above case, to show cause why a divorce *a vinculo matrimonii* should not be decreed. The rule returnable on Monday, Feb. 10th, 1868.

O. E. SHANNON, Prot.
ROB'T STECKMAN, Sh'ff. jan17

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE!

By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Bedford county, the subscriber will offer at public sale, on the premises, on SATURDAY, the 8th of February 1868, the following described tract of land, late the property of Jonathan C. Dicken, deceased, situated in Cumberland Valley tp., adjoining lands of George Miller, Michael Boor and others, containing 200 ACRES 104 PERCHES and allowance about 50 acres cleared and under fence, and having thereon a splendid Orchard of thirty fruit trees, and a fine variety of grapes, &c., TWO LOG DWELLING HOUSES, a LOG BARN and TANNERY, and other out-buildings thereon erected.

TERMS: Cash at the confirmation of sale.
Sale to commence at 1 o'clock of said day.

LEVI HARDINGER,
jan17 Administrator of J. C. Dicken, dec'd

LIST OF CAUSES put down for Trial at February Term, 1868, 10th day.

David Heidler vs. S. & B. M. R. R. & Coal Co.
W S Entrekin vs Kensinger & Flack.
Mary Jane Holsinger vs Josiah Holsinger.
Sam'l Moses vs Sill & Zimmers.
John Leech vs Jno B. Longenecker.
Henry Wertz vs Wilson Hafer.
Francis M. Diehl vs. Colerain twp. School Dist.
Geo Blackburn vs. County of Bedford.
Kate Border vs Geo A Beegle et al.
John Cessna vs Jonathan Bowser.
Certified Jan. 13th, 1868.
jan17 O. E. SHANNON, Prot.

TAVERN LICENSE.—Notice is hereby given that the following named persons have made application for license, to be granted at February Sessions, A. D. 1868, 10th day:

David Weimer, Monroe.....do.
John Reighart, Union.....do.
Wm H Allen, West Providence.....Restaurant.
John Harris, Bedford Borough.....do.
Wm G Eicholtz, Woodberry tp.....Tavern.
Wm M Pearson.....do.....do.
Grundy F. Ake, St. Clairsville.....Restaurant.
Aaron W. Reed, S. Woodberry tp.....Tavern.
John B. Amick, St. Clairsville.....do.
Joseph Kirby, do.....Restaurant.
Tobias Snider, Saxton.....Tavern.
Chas W Zook, M. Woodberry tp.....Restaurant.
Jas L Prince, Saxton.....Tavern.
Wm T Grove, Bloody Run.....do.
D. & M. Ott, Bloody Run.....Tavern.
Isaac Mengel, Bedford Borough.....Tavern.
Rob't Ralston, Waterside.....Tavern.
Henry Fluck, Middle Woodberry.....do.

O. E. SHANNON, Clerk.
Jan. 13th, 1868.

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY.

By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Bedford County, the undersigned administrator of William Penrose, late of St. Clair township, deceased, will sell on the premises, at 1 o'clock p. m., on Saturday, January 25th, 1868, the following valuable real estate viz: A tract of land situate in Napier township, containing about 27 acres, adjoining lands of Jacob Bowser, John F. Blackburn and James F. Blackburn. A Frame House, Frame Barn and Carpenter Shop thereon erected. About 2 acres of meadow, the remainder tillable and in a good state of cultivation, with good fences. Also some choice fruit trees, and a spring of never-failing water. Terms cash at confirmation of sale. CYRUS PENROSE,
jan 3.-4s Adm. of Wm. Penrose, dec'd.

LIST OF GRAND JURORS drawn for February Term, (2d Monday) 16th day, A. D. 1868:

Schellsburg: Isaiah Conley, *Foreman*.
Bedford tp.: Jacob Fetter.
Bedford Borough: Simon Naus.
Broad Top tp.: Levi Rinard.
Cumb. Valley: Franklin Hite, Samuel Hunt, Albert Arnold.
Harrison tp.: William Egolf.
Liberty: John Kensinger, Samuel Harvey, Eli Eichelberger.
Londonderry: B. T. Buchanan.
Monroe: Abraham Stuckey, Geo. B. Fletcher, Curtis Grubb.
Napier: Jeremiah Gordon, Sylvester J. Sonter.
Providence W.: Alex. Mortimore, Joseph Fisher.
Southampton: Lewis Browning, Jas. Collins.
St. Clair: Jesse Blackburn, Thos. J. Miller.
Union: Michael Wertz.
Drawn and certified at Bedford, this 18th day of December, A. D. 1867.

ISAAC KENSINGER,
Attest: WM. KIRK,
JNO. G. FISHER, Clk. Jury Com'rs.

LIST OF PETIT JURORS drawn for same Term:

Bedford Borough: Simon Cook, John R. Jordan.
Broad Top: John F. Lowry.
Cumb. Valley: Wm. Deremer, Jr., Wm. Mason, John P. Miller.
Colerain: Herbert Shoemaker.
Juniata: William Keyser, Peter Dull.
Liberty: Philip Berkstresser, James Rondes.
Monroe: Harrison P. Williams, Gideon Williams, James Carnell, David Means.
Providence E.: Christ. Meyers, Christian Felton, Samuel McTeeters, William Whetstone.
Providence W.: Daniel Sparks.
Southampton: Philip Bines, James Pennell, George Elbin, John Howsare of D., John Robison.
St. Clair: James Barefoot, Isaac B. Mock, William Barefoot.
Snake Spring: Abraham Koons, Benj. R. Ashcom.
St. Clairsville: F. D. Beegle.
Woodberry N.: Thomas Johnson, Daniel Barley, Daniel H. Longenecker.
Woodberry S.: John Boyer, Wm. H. Aaron.
Union: Josiah Mowry, Adolphus Ake.
Drawn and certified at Bedford this 18th day of December, A. D. 1867.

ISAAC KENSINGER,
Attest: WILLIAM KIRK,
JNO. G. FISHER, Clk. Jury Com'rs.

LIST OF JURORS drawn for an Adjourned Court, 1st Monday, 2nd day of March, A. D. 1868:

Bedford tp: Ezra Williamson, George Mann, Michael Nangel.
Broad top: James A. Horton, John L. Tobias.
Coaldale: Walter Whitney.
Colerain: A. C. James, William S. Beegle, John H. Cessna, John Shafer of Jno., Geo. W. Cessna.
Cumb. Valley: Weaver B. Cessna, Francis Growden.
Juniata: William Kinsey, Leonard Bittner, Henry Billegas, Joseph Barclay, John Garber.
Liberty: David Steel.
Monroe: Elias Nycum, Daniel Miller, David Barkman.
Napier: Thomas Cleaver, William H. Shafer, John S. Starkey, Richard McMullin, Edmond S. Blackburn.
Providence E.: William Gracy.
Providence W.: Daniel Sams, James Calhoun.
Snake Spring: Daniel R. Snyder.
St. Clair: John Wolf, B. R. Henderson, William Oster.
Saxton: Jacob Rann.
Woodberry N.: Thomas Watson.
Woodberry S.: Wm. Tetwiler, Josiah Ritchey.
Drawn and Certified at Bedford, this 18th day of December, A. D., 1867.

ISAAC KENSINGER,
Attest: WILLIAM KIRK,
JNO. G. FISHER, Clk. Jury Commis'rs.

DENTISTRY!

If you want
A BEAUTIFUL SET OF TEETH,
go to
DR. S. M. GROSS,
RESIDENT DENTIST, SCHELLSBURG, Pa., who operates in every branch of Surgical and Mechanical Dentistry, at
REDUCED PRICES.
Teeth extracted WITHOUT PAIN positively, and
NO HUMBUG!
by the surest, safest and best
ANAESTHETIC KNOWN.
Persons desiring the services of a Dentist will do well by calling on me before contracting elsewhere.
ALL OPERATIONS WARRANTED.
☞ Office in with W. J. MULLIN, M. D.

CARD.—I take great pleasure in recommending DR. GROSS as a skillful Dentist, and in every way qualified to give satisfaction to the public in his line. W. J. MULLIN, M. D.
jan10:6m

DENTISTRY! DENTISTRY!

DR. H. VIRGIL PORTER,
(LATE OF NEW YORK CITY,)
DENTIST,

Would respectfully inform his numerous friends and patrons that he is still in BLOODY RUN, where he is at all times prepared to insert those
BEAUTIFUL ARTIFICIAL TEETH
at the low price of from
TEN TO EIGHTEEN DOLLARS!
per set. Teeth extracted without pain. Temporary sets inserted if desired. All operations warranted. ☞ Special attention is invited to Dr. Porter's scientific method of preserving decayed and aching teeth.
Jan.3tf H. VIRGIL PORTER.

DENTISTRY.

I. N. BOWSER, RESIDENT DENTIST, Woodberry, Pa., visits Bloody Run three days of each month, commencing with the second Tuesday of the month. Prepared to perform all Dental operations with which he may be favored. *Terms within the reach of all and strictly cash except by special contract.* Work to be sent by mail or otherwise, must be paid for when impressions are taken.
aug5, '64:tf.

BEDFORD CLASSICAL SCHOOL.

FOUNDED BY REV. JOHN LYON, 1859.

FREDERICK WOODS, Principal.

A first-class school for the instruction of youth of both sexes in a classical and English education, including Latin, Greek, French, German, Mathematics and the ordinary English branches.

Terms moderate. Students from a distance can obtain board in town at reasonable rates.

REFERENCES:

Hon. A. King, Wm. Hartley, O. E. Shannon, W. H. Watson, M. D., B. F. Harry, M. D., Sam'l L. Russell, Jacob Reed, B. F. Myers, John P. Reed, H. Nicodemus, R. B. Lewis, C. N. Hickok, Geo. Blymyer, G. D. Shuck, C. Colfelt, Ross Anderson, M. D. John Lutz, William Lyon.
jan10:3m.

COAL! COAL!! COAL!!!

BEDFORD TO HAVE A COAL YARD.

Having made arrangements with John Taylor & Sons, who have just opened a new Mine in the celebrated Cook Seam, I will always have the best of Bituminous Coal on hand and for sale by the car load, ton or bushel. All orders promptly filled. WILLIAM DIBERT.
January 3. 3m

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Letters Testamentary upon the estate of James Piper, late of Hopewell township, deceased, having been issued by the Register of Bedford county to the subscribers, they hereby give notice to all persons indebted to the estate of the said deceased to make payment. Claims against the estate should be presented immediately, properly authenticated for settlement. J. J. BARNDOLLAR,
(residing in Bloody Run,)
EDWARD ASHCOM,
(residing in Hopewell,)
jan10:6w Executors.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.—Letters testamentary upon the estate of Jacob Dull, late of Napier tp., deceased, having been issued by the Register of Bedford county to the undersigned, they give notice to all indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against said estate are notified to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

THE WORLD.

At the opening of the year 1868, *h. World* challenges, more confidently than ever, the sympathy and support of all patriotic citizens. A glorious work has been gloriously begun. Deep already answers to deep. The fidelity of this journal to the cause of Liberty protected by Law stands nobly vindicated in a splendor of victory shining from Maine to California. Connecticut, Ohio, Pennsylvania, New Jersey, New York, have thundered forth their verdict upon the misrule and madness of the Past. But much more still remains to be done. Never was the peril of the country greater. The Radical party still decrees the death of representative self-government in ten sovereign States. Armed with military despotism and wholesale Negro Suffrage, it desperately grasps at a permanent lease of power, in defiance of public opinion, at the cost of enormous taxes and of crippled industries, at the cost of Union and Peace.

To the great battle still to be fought *The World* will give all its efforts, all its energies. It asks of its friends in their turn as much; it asks of them more readers and a wider influence. It asks this with confidence in its claims as a newspaper and as an organ of opinion.

The chief use of a Newspaper is to give its readers

ALL THE NEWS.

For this the facilities of *he World* are unsurpassed by any journal in the United States. It seeks to excel, by an accuracy and candor, a spirit and freshness in its news columns which shall commend it to readers of whatever party, sex, creed or place.

As an organ of opinion, *The World* is the unflinching champion of

A LIBERAL PROGRESSIVE DEMOCRACY,

whereof the corner-stone is Freedom restrained by Justice; Freedom pure and simple, in the largest collective measure; the office of Justice being to protect Freedom from encroachments; Freedom of the individual citizen, in his rights of thought, speech, religion and locomotion; in his Right to choose his own food and drink, in spite of meddlesome temperance laws; in his Right to make any money bargains he thinks proper, in spite of foolish usury laws; in his Right to buy and sell in all markets, domestic and foreign, in spite of unjust protective tariffs; in his Right to representation in the legislative bodies which tax him, in spite of unconstitutional exclusions; Freedom of collective citizens to assemble for discussion of grievances; Freedom of all local communities to manage their local affairs without central interference; Freedom, in every section of the country, from the arrogant and unconstitutional domination of other sections. This large and comprehensive idea of Freedom sums up the politics of *The World* which will never be found wanting to this capital interest of the country and of the human race.

A paper published in the metropolis is naturally looked to for careful Market Reports and authentic information, and intelligent discussions relating to

TRADE, COMMERCE AND FINANCE.

In these features *The World* invites comparison with any other journal.

EDITIONS.

The *Weekly World*, a large quarto sheet, same size as Daily, is now *printed wholly in large type*, and (since its union with the New York *Argus*) has the largest circulation of any weekly journal published, save one. It is an unrivalled journal for the Farmer, Live Stock or Produce Dealer, Country Merchant, etc. Published Wednesday.

The *Semi-Weekly World* is a large quarto sheet, same size as Daily, which, by omitting the great mass of city advertisements from the Daily, contains everything else that appears in the daily and Weekly editions. Published Tuesday and Friday.

The *Daily World* affords a complete compendium and discussion of the news of every day.

TERMS.—WEEKLY WORLD.

1 Copy, one year,	$2 00
4 Copies, 1 year, separately addressed,	7 00
10 copies, 1 year, separately addressed,	15 00
20 copies, 1 year, to one address,	25 00
20 copies, 1 year, separately addressed,	27 00
50 copies, 1 year, to one address,	50 00
50 copies, 1 year, separately addressed,	55 00

SEMI-WEEKLY WORLD.

1 copy, 1 year,	$ 4 00
4 copies, 1 year, separately addressed,	10 00
10 copies, 1 year, to one address,	20 00
10 copies, 1 year, separately addressed,	22 00

DAILY WORLD.

1 copy, one year,	$10 00

CLUB PRIZES.

For club of 10, to 1 address, 1 Weekly, 1 year.
" " 20, " " " " "
" " 50, " One Semi-Weekly, "
" " 100, " One Daily, "

DIRECTIONS.

Additions to clubs may be made any time in the year at the above club rates.

Changes in Club Lists may only on request of persons receiving club packages, stating edition, post office and State to which it has previously been sent, and enclosing twenty-five cents to pay for trouble of the change to separate address.

Terms, cash in advance. Send, if possible, Post Office Money Order or Bank Draft. Bills sent by mail will be at the risk of sender.

We have no travelling agents. Specimen Copies, posters, &c., sent free of charge wherever and whenever desired. Address all orders and letters to

THE WORLD.
35 *Park Row, New York.*

THE PITTSBURGH DISPATCH.

The Pittsburgh Daily Dispatch is one of the largest, liveliest and most widely circulated papers in the State.

THE DAILY DISPATCH.

Is an eight page paper, independent in politics, and contains forty-eight columns of matter, embracing the latest news by telegraph the most reliable market reports, the latest cable telegrams, the fullest local reports, with the latest news by mail, including the most interesting personal and political items, full telegraphic market reports from all points of importance, East and West, and much other matter of an entertaining and instructive character.

The *Dispatch* is furnished by mail at $8 a year, or may be had from our agents at fifteen cents a week. Send for a specimen copy.

THE WEEKLY DISPATCH.—ONLY $1 A YEAR ! ! !

In issuing their Prospectus for 1868, it affords the Publishers gratification to be able to state that their weekly, like their daily, enters upon the new year under very flattering auspices. It has been enlarged to nearly double its former size and now contains *Thirty-two Columns* of matter printed on bold copper-faced type making it one of the handsomest as it has long been one of the cheapest, if not *the* cheapest, weeklies in the country.

It contains all the latest news of the day—Political, Commercial, and General, and as an entertaining and acceptable *Family Newspaper* is not excelled by any paper in the State. The *weekly Dispatch* is furnished to single subscriber at $1 50, or in clubs of ten to one address at $1,00 each, with a free paper to the party getting up the club.

Subscribers may remit us by mail, either in bills or by Postoffice order, which is the safer mode. Postmasters receiving subscriptions for the *Dispatch*, either Daily or Weekly, are authorized to retain twenty per cent. on our published rates, for single subscribers, or ten per cent on our club rates.

Address

J. H. FOSTER & Co., Publisher,
67 and 69 Fifth Street Pittsburg, Pa.

ALL KINDS OF BLANKS, Common, Administrator's and Executor's, Deeds, Mortgages, Sudgment Notes, Promissory Notes, with and without waiver of exemption, Summons, Subpoenas and Executions, for sale at the Inquirer office.
Nov 2, 1866

TO ASSESSORS.—All Assessors who have not yet received the duplicate assessments and blank notices, had better come or send and get them at once, so as to be ready for the appeals.
December 20th. w1

BLANKS.—We have on hand a full supply of all kinds of Blanks. Any one in need of them will find we have a complete assortment.

THE INQUIRER BOOK STORE!

The subscribers have just opened in the building adjoining the *Inquirer* office, opposite the "Mengle House," lately occupied by Mrs. Tate, a

BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE,

where they are prepared to sell all kinds of

STATIONERY,

SUCH AS

FOOLSCAP,
CONGRESS,
LEGAL and RECORD CAP
LONG BILL,
SERMON,
LETTER,
CONGRESS LETTER,
COMMERCIAL NOTE,
BATH POST, Large and Small,
LADIES (gilt) NOTE, LADIES OCTAVO (gilt) NOTE, MOURNING, different styles, FRENCH, NOTE, &c., &c.
ENVELOPES of all kinds and quality.
PASS BOOKS, at least a dozen varieties, POCKET LEDGERS, TIME BOOKS, weekly and monthly, TUCK MEMORANDUMS, twenty different kinds, DIARIES, of all discriptions, BLANK BOOKS, such as Long Quarto,
Broad,
Ledgers and
Day Books of al styles, quality and kinds of binding.
CHALK
CRAYONS,
SLATES, differnt styles,
ARNOLD'S WRITING FLUIDS,
HOOVER'S INKS, CARMINE INKS,
CHARLTON'S INKS, ANDSS,
POCKET BOOKS, all kinds, MONEY BOOKS,
all kinds, Bankers' Cases, Lead Pencils,
Twenty Kinds of other Pencils,
Penn Holders, Different kinds, Stationer's Gum, Clark's Indellible Pencils, Gum Bands, Pocket Book Bands,
Flat Glass Ink Wells and Rack,
Metalic School Ink Stands, Sand Boxes, Barometer Ink Stands and Racks, Pocket Ink Stands, Pencil Sharpers, Receipt Books,
Different kinds, Copy Books,
ers, Mother Goose and others,
A, B, C, Cards, Osgood's Speller, 1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th and 5th Readers, Brook's Primary, Mental and Written Arithmetic, Michell's New Intermediate Geography, Brown's Grammar, Lossing's Pictorial History of the United States, Sealing Wax, Blank Deeds, Blotting Paper, Photograph Albums, various kinds and sizes, Almanacs, etc., etc.

Persons desiring any of the above articles or other articles in their line, will find it to their advantage to give the

"INQUIRER BOOK STORE"

a call. We buy and sell for Cash, and by this arrangement we expect to sell as cheap as goods of this class are sold in the cities.

DURBORROW & LUTZ.

RICHARD V. LEO & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

CABINET-WARE CHAIRS, &c.,

BEDFORD, PA.

The undersigned being engaged in the Cabinet-making business, will make to order and keep on hand everything in their line of manufacture.

Bureaus, Dressing Stands, Parlor and Extension Tables, Chairs, Bedsteads, Washstands, &c. &c.

will be furnished at all prices, and to suit every taste. They have also added to their stock,

French Cottage Suits,
Marble Top Tables,
Cane Chairs,
Sofas,
Tete-a-Tetes, &c. &c. &c.

Eastern manufacture.

Having purcased the stock and tools of Thos. Merwine, (late Wm. Stahl's) they have added the same to their manufactory.

COFFINS will also be made to order, and a HEARSE always in readiness to attend funerals.

Prompt attention paid to all orders for work.

Shop on West Pitt Street, nearly opposite the residence of George Shuck.
aug.23:3m RICHARD V. LEO & CO.

TRIUMPH IN DENTISTRY.

TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN,
By the use of Nitrous Oxide Gas, and is attended with no danger whatever.

TEMPORARY SETS

inserted if called for. Special attention will be made to diseased gums and a cure warranted or no charge made.

TEETH FILLED

to last for life, and all work in the dental line done to the entire satisfaction of all or the money refunded. Prices shall correspond with the times.

I have located permanently in Bedford, and shall visit Schellsburgh the 1st Monday of each month, remaining one week; Bloody Run the 3d Monday, remaining one week; the balance of my time I can be found at my office 3 doors South of the Court House, Bedford, Pa.

WM. W. VAN ORMER,
Nov. 23, 1866. Dentist.

BLOODY RUN
MARBLE WORKS.

R. H. SIPES having established a manufactory of Monuments, Tomb-stones, Table-Tops, Counter-slabs, &c., at Bloody Run, Bedford co., Pa. and having on hand a well selected stock of foreign and American Marble, is prepared to fill all orders promptly and do work in a neat and workmanlike style, and on the most reasonable terms All work warranted, and jobs delivered to all parts of this and adjoining counties without extra
ap19:1y.

SCHOOL BLANKS.—Articles of Agreements between Directors and Teachers, Checks, Bonds of Collectors, Warrants of Collectors, Bonds of Treasurers, &c., for sale at the *Inquirer* office.

TO ADVERTISERS:

THE BEDFORD INQUIRER.

PUBLISHED

EVERY FRIDAY MORNING,

BY

J. R. DURBORROW & JOHN LUTZ,

OFFICE ON JULIANA STREET,

BEDFORD, PA.

THE BEST ADVERTISING MEDIUM

IN

SOUTH-WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA.

CIRCULATION OVER 1500.

HOME AND FOREIGN ADVERTISEMENTS INSERTED ON REASONABLE TERMS.

A FIRST CLASS NEWSPAPER.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

$2,00 PER ANNUM, IN ADVANCE.

JOB PRINTING:

ALL KINDS OF JOB WORK DONE

WITH

NEATNESS AND DISPATCH,

AND IN THE

LATEST & MOST APPROVED STYLE,

SUCHAS

POSTERS OF ANY SIZE,
CIRCULARS,
BUSINESS CARDS,
WEDDING AND VISITING CARDS,
BALL TICKETS,
PROGRAMMES,
CONCERT TICKETS,
ORDER BOOKS,
SEGAR LABELS,
RECEIPTS,
LEGAL BLANKS,
PHOTOGRAPHER'S CARDS,
BILL HEADS,
LETTER HEADS,
PAMPHLETS,
PAPER BOOKS,
ETC. ETC. ETC. ETC. ETC.

Our facilities for doing all kinds of Job Printing are equalled by very few establishments in the country. Orders by mail promptly filled. All letters should be addressed to

DURBORROW & LUTZ.

THE QUAKER CITY
BUSINESS COLLEGE,
CORNER FITH AND CHESTNUT SREETS,
PHILADLPHIA.

The most complete and thoroughly appointed Commercial School in the Country.

Conducted upon the best system of Instruction, and offering advantages of the highest order in every Department.

IMPORTANT TO YOUNG MEN

Who desire Success and Promotion in Business Life.

PRACTICAL EDUCATION FOR THE TIMES.

The Commercial Course embraces Book Keeping, Commercial Calculations, Penmanship, Correspondence, Business Forms, Customs of Trade, Commercial Law, the Art of Detecting Counterfeit Money, &c. This Course may be completed in three months.

DIPLOMAS

Awarded to Graduates, under seal and by authority of law, this being a regularly

INCORPORATED COLLEGE,

and the only one with similar powers in the State, or in the United States.

OTHER BRANCHES,

Telegraphing, the Higher Mathematics, Engineering, Surveying and Navigation.

BOOK KEEPING.

In the Department of Accounts this Institution is wholly unrivalled. The treaties on this subject, published by the proprietor, is everywhere acknowledged to be the best and most complete work extant, and being composed almost exclusively of sets obtained from Actual Business, presents a course of instruction such as can be secured by no other system. Books for sale, and sent by mail to any address, upon receipt of price, $3.50.

YOUNG MEN

Invited to send for circulars, or visit the College for further information.

L. FAIRBANKS, A. M.
President.
T. E. MERCHANT, *Secretary.* may31:8m.

ENTERPRISE
MACHINE WORKS.

H. D. SLAGLE & BROTHERS. PROPRIETORS

O. R. DAVIS, SUP'T.

IRON FOUNDERS & MACHINISTS, and Manufacturers of Portable and Stationary Steam Engines and Boilers, Portable and Stationary Saw Mills. Iron and Brass Castings made and fitted up for Mills, Factories, Forges, Blast Furnaces, Rolling Mills, &c. Manufacturers of

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

Logan street, LEWISTOWN, Pa.

Oct. 4

BELLS! BELLS! BELLS!

The largest stock of SLEIGH BELLS in Bedford, CHEAP, at LYNCH'S Hardware Store, Blymyer's Old Stand, Sign of Big Saw. dec.13tf

---

BLANK DEEDS FOR SALE CHEAP at the INQURIER OFFICE

CASH BUYERS TAKE NOTICE
AND
SAVE YOUR GREENBACKS!

NEW FALL AND WINTER GOODS!

JUST RECEIVED, AT

GREATLY REDUCED PRICES!

AT J. M. SHOEMAKER'S STORE.

Having just returned from the East, we are now opening a Large Stock of FALL and WINTER GOODS, which have been bought for Cash at New Prices, and will be sold CHEAP. This being the only FULL STOCK of Goods brought to Bedford this season, persons will be able to suit themselves better in Style, Quality and Price than at any other store in Bedford.

The following comprise a few of our prices, viz:

CALICOES:

10, 12, 14, 15, 16, and the best at 18.

MUSLINS:

10, 12, 15, 16, 18, 20, and the best at 22.

ALL WOOL FLANNELS from 40 cts. up.

FRENCH MERINOES, ALL WOOL DELAINES, COBURGS, &c.

Men's wear, CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETTS, JEANS, &c.

BOOTS & SHOES—In this article we have a very extensive assortment for Ladies, Misses, Children, Men and Boys, at all prices.

HATS—A large assortment of Men's and Boy's Hats.

CLOTHING—Men and Boy's Coats, Pants, and Vests, all sizes and prices.

PAPER COLLARS—Shakespeare, Lockwood, Linen-lined, &c.

COTTON CHAIN—Single and double, white and colored.

GROCERIES—Coffee, Sugar, Syrups, Green and Black Teas, Spices, of all kinds, Dye Stuffs, &c.

LEATHER—Sole Leather, French and City Calt Skins, Upper Leather and Kip, Linings, &c. &c.

We will sell Goods on the same Terms that we have been for the last three months,

CASH OR NOTE

with interest from date. No bad debts contracted, and no extra charges to good paying customers to make up losses on bad paying customers, or customers that never pay. Cash buyers always get the best Bargains, and their account is always settled up.

N. B. **10 per cent. saved** by buying your goods at

J. M. SHOEMAKER'S,

Cash and Produce Store,

No. 1, ANDERSONS' ROW.
June 28, 1867:6m

REMOVAL! REMOVAL!!

B. W. BERKSTRESSER & CO.,

Take pleasure in informing their many friends and customers that they have moved the Bedford CLOTHING EMPORIUM to Shuck's Old Stand, one door west of the Washington House, where they have opened the largest stock of

READY MADE CLOTHING,

ever brought to Bedford, and consisting in parts of

OVER COATS,
DRESS COATS,
BUSINESS COATS, PANTS, VESTS,

to match.

They have also a good assortment of

ARMY CLOTHING

at very low prices;

BLOUSES,
OVER COATS,
PANTS,
BLANKETS, &c., &c.

Our

CASSIMERE DEPARTMENT

is full and complete.

TRIMMINGS

in greatest variety.

Our Notion Department is also quite attractive

GENT'S UNDER CLOTHING from.....$1 to 3.5
" OVER SHIRTS of every style and price.
HOSIERY,
GLOVES, NECKTIES,
BOW SUSPENDERS, LINEN AND PAPER CUFFS, LINEN
COLLARS.

We have the largest Stock of PAPER COLLARS in Bedford and the greatest variety.

In *HATS* we defy competition, as we have the largest stock, and direct from the Manufacturers. The latest styles always on hand.

MUSLINS, DELAINES,
CALICOES,
TICKINGS, FLANNELS,
CLOAKING CLOTHS,

in great variety.

LADIES SHAWLS

of latest patterns, and cheaper than the cheapest.

Persons buying for CASH or PRODUCE would do well to call and see us.

But remember, our TERMS are *Cash* or *Produce.*

Remember the place ! ! !

One Door West of the Washington House.
Nov.8:tf.

OYES! OYES! OYES!—The undersigned having taken out auctioneer license holds himself in readiness to cry sales and auctions on the shortest notice. Give him a call. Address him at Ray's Hill, Bedford county, Pa.

WILLIAM GRACEY.
Oct18:.6m

NEW BOOK, STATIONERY
AND
PICTURE STORE.

The undersigned has opened in Shaffer's building, Juliana street, a NEW

BOOK, STATIONERY AND PICTURE STORE.

Having purchased the largest stock of Books and Stationery ever brought to this place, at the

LOWEST WHOLESALE PRICES,

He flatters himself that he will be able to sell

CHEAPER

than any other person engaged in the same business. His stock consists in part of

SCHOOL BOOKS,
MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS,
STANDARD POETRY,
POPULAR NOVELS,

Also HYMN BOOKS for all Denominations,

EPISCOPAL PRAYER BOOKS, MISSALS, &c.

CHILDREN'S

Story Books, Books on Parlor Magic, Books on Games, Song Books, Dime Novels, etc.

His stock of

SCHOOL BOOKS!

Embraces Osgood's Series of Readers, Brown's Grammars, Brook's Arithmetics, Davie's Algebra, Raub's Speller, and all books used in the Common Schools of Bedford County; also COPY-BOOKS, of all kinds.

STATIONERY!

of every description at lowest prices, will be found at his store, including Fools-cap, plain and ruled, Ledger Cap, Letter Cap, Bill Paper, Commercial Note, Ladies' Note, ENVELOPES of all kinds and sizes, Plain and Fancy, Fine White Wove, etc., etc. STEEL PENS, Pen-Holders, Slates and Slate Pencils of all numbers, Ink-Stands of the most Beautiful and Convenient designs, and INKS of the best quality at the lowest prices.

Also a large assortment of KEROSENE LAMPS, Plain and Fancy Soaps, SMOKING and CHEWING TOBACCOES, Cigars, Pen-knives, PERFUMERY, etc. A speciality will be made of the PICTURE DEPARTMENT.—Fine Large Portraits of Washington, Lincoln, Johnson and other distinguished Americans, Fancy Pictures, Stereoscopes and Stereoscopic Views, Picture Frames, &c., &c., will be always kept on hand. Porte Monnaies, Pocket-Books, handsome Porte-Folioes, etc. Violins, Accordeons and other Musical Instruments, Checker-Boards, Chess-Men, etc.

Hoping to meet the patronage of the public, he has selected his stock with great care, and is bound to sell cheap to all who will give him a call. JOHN KEEFFE.
Bedford, Dec. 13th, 1867.—tf

ANOTHER VETO ON HIGH PRICES.

You can save money by buying your goods at

MANN'S CORNER,

OF

MILLER & BOWSER,

BEDFORD, PA.

They are now opening a choice variety of new and desirable

FALL & WINTER GOODS,
DRY GOODS,
READY MADE CLOTHING,
FANCY NOTIONS,
COTTON YARNS,
HATS,
CAPS,
BOOTS,
SHOES,
GROCERIES,
QUEENS WARE,
TOBACCO,
CIGARS,
BROOMS,
BASKETS, WOODEN WARE, &c.

Look at some of their prices:

CALICOES, 8, 10, 12, 15, 16.
GINGHAM, 12½, 15, 18, 20.
MUSLIN, 10, 12, 14, 15, 18, 20.

CASSIMERES CLOTHS, SATINETT and LADIES SACKING at very low prices. Ladies, Gent's and Misses Shoes, Sandals and Overshoes in great variety. Men's, boys and youths boots; best Coffee, Tea, Sugar and Syrup at market prices; low Feed, Flour for sale here at all times.

We invite all to call and see the goods, and compare prices, before buying your goods. Our motto is, short profits.

TERMS—Cash, notes or products. Oct.25:3mo

LARGEST, CHEAPEST, BEST

B. M. BLYMYER & CO.
have the
LARGEST STOCK OF STOVES,
ever brought to Bedford.

B. M. BLYMYER & CO.
have the
CHEAPEST STOCK OF STOVES,
ever brought to Bedford.

B. M. BLYMYER & CO.
have the
BEST STOCK OF STOVES,
ever brought to Bedford.

CALL AND SEE THE MAMMOTH STOCK.

200 STOVES OF EVERY SIZE AND DESCRIPTION.

50 SECOND HAND STOVES.

THEY Will NOT BE UNDERSOLD

TIN-WARE OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

CHEAPER THAN the CHEAPEST.

Every body will please bear in mind that B. M, BLYMYER & CO., sell CHEAPER goods, in their line, than can be sold by any one else in Bedford. Remember the place

NO. 1. STONE ROW.

oct.4:tf.

GOOD NEWS FOR THE FARMERS!

THE following kinds of

THESHING MACHINES,

CONSTANTLY ON HAND AT THE MACHINE SHOP OF

P. H. SHIRES, BEDFORD, PA.

The Celebrated RAILWAY, or TREAD-POWER Threshing Machines with all the latest and best improvements.

ONE AND TWO-HORSE POWERS.

The Two-horse Machine with two horses and four hands will thresh from 100 to 125 bushels of wheat or rye, and twice as much oats per day.

ONE-HORSEMACHINES

with three hands, will thresh from 50 to 75 bush per day.

Two and four-horse TUMBLING SHAFT Machines, also, four-horse STRAP MACHINES, STRAW SHAKERS of the most approved kind attached to all Machines.

ALL MACHINES WARRANTED.

REPAIRING of all kinds of Machines done on the shortest notice.

HORSES, PIG METAL, GRAIN and LUMBER taken in payment.

Farmers' wanting Machines, will do well to give me a call.

PETER H. SHIRES,
Proprietor and Manufac'r.

HARDWARE.

A NEW HAND AT THE BELLOWS.

AT THE OLD STAND OF BLYMYER & SON.

The undersigned having purchased, the entire stock of G. BLYMYER & SON, and having added thereto by

FRESH PURCHASES

in the East. Respectfully announces to the public that he is now prepared to sell at lowest

CASH PRICES,

or approved COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Everything in the Hardware line, such as

CARPENTERS', JOINERS', CABINET AND
SHOEMAKER TOOLS, AND FINDINGS,
CROSS CUT AND SAW MILL SAWS,
GRIND STONES, AND FIXTURES,
SADDLERY of all kin
NAILS,
by the kegg or pound,
WAGON, FIRE, STRAP IRON,
NAIL ROD, DOUBLE AND SINGLE
SHEAR, BLISTER AND CAST STEEL,
HORSE SHOES, by the kegg or small quantities,
DOUBLE AND SINGLE BITTED AXES,
CUTLERY OF EVERY DESCRIPTION
KNIVES AND FORKS, very cheap,
the very best POCKET KNIVES,
PORTMONIES AND POCKET BOOKS,
SILVER TEA AND TABLE
SPOONS in setts.
BRITAINIA WARE

in setts, trays, &c.

PAINTS, OILS,
AND VARNISHES,

Window Glass, all sizes, Lamps and Lamp Chimneys, Wooden and Willow Ware, Wash Boards Churns, Manilla Rope, Halter' Bed-Cords, and Twine, Brushes of every description, Shoe Blacking, Shovels and Forks, Grain Shovels, Chains of all kinds, Sausage Cutters and Stuffers, Sole and Kip Leather, &c. Also,

VERY BEST FRENCH CALF SKINS,

Buffalo Robes, and a general variety of goods kept in a first class Hardware store.

Our object shall be to be governed by the golden rule, "to do unto others as you wish to be done by," we intend to sell at fair rates, and by fair dealing hope to merit a continuence of the patronage bestowed upon BLYMYER & SON.

THOMAS M. LYNCH.
Nov.1:3mo.

BOTTOM FALLEN OUT!

DOWN! DOWN! DOWN!

—WAY—

DOWN! DOWN! THEY DROP

ONE LOW PRICE AND ALL GOODS MARKED IN PLAIN FIGURES

G. R. OSTER & CO.,

Are now receiving at their NEW STORE a large and splendid assortment of

DRY GOODS,
FURS,
CLOTHING,
CARPETINGS,
FLOOR CLOTHS,
HATS & CAPS.
BOOTS,
SHOES,
QUEENSWARE,
WILLOW-WARE,
WALL AND WINDOW PAPER, OILS, TOBACCOS, CIGARS. &C.,

Together with an extensive assortment of

FRESH GROCERIES!

Which for extent and CHEAPNESS is unrivaled in Central Pennsylvania, all of which they offer Wholesale or Retaile at PRICES that DEFY COMPETITION. Piles of

CALICO PRINTS

and MUSLINS

From Six and-one fourth cents up as to quality.

They invite all to call and see for themselves and be convinced.

TERMS POSITIVELY CASH ON DELIVERY

UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.

Bedford, Pa., Dec. 13, 1867.-m3

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628. HOOP SKIRTS 628.

WILLIAM T. HOPKINS.

"OUR OWN MAKE,"

After more than Five Years experience and experimenting in the manufacture of STRICTLY FIRST QUALITY HOOP SKIRTS, we offer our justly celebrated goods to merchants and the public in full confidence of their superiority over all others in the American market, and they are so acknowledged by all who wear or deal in them, as they give more satisfaction than any other Skirt, and recommend themselves in every respect. Dealers in Hoop Skirts should make a note of this fact. *EVERY LADY WHO HAS NOT GIVEN THEM A TRIAL, SHOULD DO SO WITHOUT FURTHER DELAY.*

Our assortment embraces every style, length and size, for Ladies, Misses and Children, Also, Skirts made to order, altered and repaired.

Ask for "Hopkins' Own Make," and be not deceived. See that the letter "H" is woven on the Tapes between each Hoop, and that they are stamped "*W. T. HOPKINS, MANUFACTURER, 628 ARCH ST., PHILAD'A.,*" upon each tape. No others are genuine.

Also, constantly on hand a full line of good New York and Eastern made Skirts, at very low prices.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

At the Philadelphia Hoop Skirt Manufactory and Emporium, No. 628 ARCH St., PHIL'A.
March 15, 1867.10mo

MARRIAGE CERTIFICATES.—On hand and for sale at the *Inquirer* office, a fine assortment of Marriage Certificates. Clergymen and Justices should have them.

ESTEY'S COTTAGE ORGANS

Are still ahead of all competitors and stand unrivalled in POWER, PURITY OF TONE and BRILLIANCY, and all other points which go to make a first class instrument.

The "VOX HUMANA TREMOLO" is the greatest of all modern improvements on reed instruments. It CHARMS and SURPRISES all who hear it, by its wonderful resemblance to the HUMAN VOICE. Do not confound this with the common tremolo in use. It is entirely different, and far superior to any other.

For sale wholesale and retail by,

E. M. BRUCE,
18 N. Seventh Street, Philadelphia.

Send for descriptive circular and price list.

The effect of your "TREMOLO" is entirely new to me, and is certainly the *best* I ever heard.—*Geo. W. Morgan.* (The first Organist of America.

No TREMOLO has yet been invented that will in any degree compare with this for beauty of effect. In fact, it seems to me to be absolutely perfect.—*Wm. A. Johnson, Pipe Organ Builder.*

ESTEY'S Cottage Organs are without a superior for exceedingly quick articulation and round tone—the essential features in instruments of this class.—*Geo. Jardine, Pipe Organ Builder.*

The Cottage Organ is the best of its class I ever saw, and the best adapted for church music of any in use.—*C. Heintz, Organist, Findlay, O.*

I am much pleased with the Cottage Organ which I purchased from you; it combines sweetness and power in an unusual degree, and is quite a favorite in our family circle.—*Bishop Simpson.*

We know of no organs of the class which possess so many valuable qualities.—*Independent.*

For the parlor, its sweetness is remarkable; for the church it has a power more organ-like than anything we have seen.—*Methodist.*

Persons wishing to purchase an organ are requested to examine the Esty instruments now in use at the Presbyterian and Episcopal Church, Bedford. July 12 1867 9m

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[Chartered with Ample Powers.]

LEBANON VALLEY COLLEGE.

The second Collegiate year will commence ON MONDAY, AUGUST 19, 1867.

This Institution has been Chartered by the Legislature of the State with full Collegiate powers, and the following courses of Study, in which it is proposed to graduate Students, have been adopted, viz:

An Elementary Course for Teachers (*B. E.*).
A Scientific Course, (*B. S.*).
A Ladies' Course, (*M. A.*).
A Classical Course, *A. B.*).
A Biblical Course (*B. B. S.*).

The School is intended to supply a great public want and instruction is given in all branches of a common, a liberal, or an ornamental education. There is a primary or model school connected with the Institution, and also a Commercial Course, so that Students of any grade will be received and will be put into suitable Classes. With superior accommodations, first-class teachers, a location not excelled by any in accessibility and healthfulness, and in the general morals of the community, we offer to parents and guardians a pleasant home, where their children and wards will be properly cared for and will be subjected to the best training.

EXPENSES:

For Boarding, Washing, Light Fuel, and Tuition, with furnished room, for Fall Term of 18 weeks.....$38.50
Instrumental Music..... 18.00
Double-Entry Book Keeping, (in classes).... 15.00
Painting and Fancy Work, at usual rates.

For catalogue and further particulars, address Rev. T.R. VICKROV, A. M., President,
Dec. 14:66:1vr Annville, Lebanon co., Pa.

PRIVATE SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

The undersigned, Executor of the last Will and Testament of John S. Ritchey, late of Bedford township, deceased: will sell at private sale, the MANSION PLACE of said deceased, containing 113 Acres, more or less, with

THREE DWELLING HOUSES,
GRIST MILL,
SAW MILL,
DISTILLERY,
BARN

and other out-buildings thereon erected. Situated three miles North of Bedford. There is also a good orchard of choice fruit trees, and a spring of never-failing water on the premises. The place affords a splendid site for a Factory, there being excellent water power.

ALSO, a tract of choice land containing 30 acres, adjoining the above mentioned tract, having a good BARN and ORCHARD thereon. These tracts will be sold separately, or together, as the purchaser may desire.

ALSO, a tract of timber land, in Bedford township, adjoining lands of Frederick Kunts, Adam Dibert and others, containing about 50 acres.

TERMS reasonable. For information, address the undersigned, Pattonsville, Bedford Co., or Richard Sill, Bedford. JOSIAH RICHEY,
nov29tf *Executor*

APPEALS.

Notice is hereby given to the taxable inhabitants of Bedford county, that appeals will be held by the County Commissioners, on the days and at the places hereby specified to wit:

For Cumberland Valley township, on Tuesday, January 7th, at the house of William W. Leaney.
For Colerain township and Rainsburg Borough, on Wednesday, January 8th at the house of A. J. Pennell.
For Southampton township on Thursday, January 9th, at the house of William Adams.
For Monroe township, on Friday, January 10th at the house of David Weimer.
For East Providence township, on Saturday, January 11th, at the house of D. A. T. Black.
For Snake Spring township, on Monday January 13th, at house of Joseph Mortimore.
For West Providence township, and Bloody Run Borough, on Tuesday, January 14th, at the house of W. Thomas Grove.
For Hopewell township, on Wednesday, January 15th at the house of William A. Grove.
For Broad Top township and Coaldale Borough, on Thursday, January 16th, at the house of George W. Figard.
For Saxton Borough on Friday, January 17th, at the house of James L. Prince.
For Liberty township, on Saturday, January 18th, at the house of C. A. Tricker, in Stonerstown.
For Middle Woodberry township, no Monday, January 20th, at the house of William G. Eicholts.
For South Woodberry township, on Tuesday, January 21st, at New Enterprise, at the house of Samuel Oster.
For Union Township, on Wednesday, January 22d, at Mowry's Mill.
For St. Clair township and St. Clairsville Boro., on Thursday, January 23rd, in St. Clairsville at the house of Mrs. Rachel Nawgle.
For Napier township, on Friday, January 24th, at the house of Burton Edsall.
For Schellsburg Borough, on Saturday, January 25th, at the house of Burton Edsall.
For Londonderry township, on Monday, January 27th, at the house of James C. Devore.
For Harrison township, on Tuesday, January 28th, at the house of Joseph Cessna.
For Juniata township, on Wednesday, January 29th, at the house of Joseph Foller.
For Bedford township, on Thursday, January 30th, at the Commissioners office.
For Bedford Borough, on Friday, January 31st, at the Commissioner's Office.

When and where all persons and corporations feeling themselves aggrieved at the enumeration and valuation of their taxable property and effects, made pursuant to the several Acts of Assembly in such case made and provided, are requested to attend and state their grievances for redress, according to law. Special attention is also directed to the following portion of Article 4th, Section 2nd, of "An act for the organization, discipline and regulation of the Militia of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania," to wit: "On the day the county or City Commissioners meet, to review the assessment, or for holding appeals, they shall, also determine who are exempt, or not liable to do military duty," &c. The appeals will be held on the days above named between the hours of 9 o'clock, A. M. and 12 o'clock, M.

MICHAEL S. RITCHIEY,
DAVID HOWSARE,
PETER M. BARTON,
JNO. G. FISHER, Clerk. Commissioners.

FOR SALE OR TRADE.

Two lots in the City of Omaha Nebraska.

Two tracts of 160 acres each within three miles of a depot on the Pacific Rail Road back of Omaha.

First tract of bottom lands timbered and prarie two miles from Omaha City.

One third of 7,000 acres in Fulton County Pa., including valuable Ore, mineral and timber lands near Fort Littleton.

Over 4,000 acres of valuable ore, coal and timber lands in West Virginia.

ALSO, A lot of ground (about one acre) at Willow Tree, in Snake Spring Township, on Chambersburg and Bedford Turnpike, three miles East of Bedford, with frame dwelling house, cooper shop, stable, &c. thereon erected.

ALSO, Twenty-five one acre lots, adjoining the Borough of Bedford, with lime stone rock for kiln or quarry on the upper end of each.

Also, 320 acres of land in Woodbury co., Iowa.

O. E. SHANNON,
June 21,-tf Bedford, Penn'a.